Egyptians, Israelis discuss peace

GIZA, Egypt (APt - Egyptians and Israelis, discussing their countries' relations after a decade of peace, agreed Monday that solving the Palestinian problem is the only way to foster true friendship between the former enemies. An Israeli cabinet minister and two Egyptians all major players in development of the peace treaty signed in 1979, urged the Jewish state to recognise the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as a first step toward overall peace. "Let us make a difference between the two aspects of the programme. The first was peace between Egypt and Israel. The second was the solution of the Palestinian problem," said Button Chall Employee the content of the first was peace between Egypt and Israel. Ghall, Egypt's minister of state for foreign affairs. "We have been successful in achieving the first. We have completely failed to achieving the second one." Israeli Minister Without Portfolio Ezer Weizman, speaking after taking part in a seminar said: "If I were Abu Ammar (Arafat), I would declare a ceasefire and I would tell the Israelis I am declaring a ceasefire for a limited period of time to test it." Weizman said. The seminar was organised by the British Broadcasting Corporation. Former Egyptian Prime Minister Mustapha Khalil also took part.

Volume 14 Number 4041

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AMMAN TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1989, SHABAAN 14, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 füs; Syria ! pound; Lebanon ! pound; Saudi Arabia I .50 riyals; UAE ! .50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Jordan marks Karameh anniversary

AMMAN IJ.T.) - Jordan Tuesday will observe the anniversary of Karameh Battle which took place in 1968 near the Karameh village in the Jor-

On the eve of the anniversary, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said in a statement that a major Israeli attack force crossed the River Jordan into the East Bank in a new aggression on the Arab Nation but the assault was transformed into a defeat for the enemy and victory for the Jordanian Armed Forces and

The Karameb battle of 1968, it said, helped the Arabs to overcome their setback in the 1967 war and breathed new spirit of steadfastness and a new hope for victory into the

It said that the battle was described by His Majesty King Husseln as a turning point in the confrontation with the Israeli enemy and one in which the Armed Forces offered heavy sacrifices in defence of the Arab Nation.

The battle, Petra added, ended an era of despair that prevailed in the Arab World following the 1967 setback and proved that the Arabs were capable of confronting threats and dangers and dealing with invaders.

The Karameh battle site is normally visited by military and civilian officials who lay wreaths on the Monument of the Unknown Soldier in tribute to the martyrs who fell in defence of the Arab soil.

Abu Taleb explains

On the eve of the Karameh Battle anniversary, Army Chief of Staff General Fathi Abu Taleb said that the battle was imposed on Jordan only nine months after the 1967 setback, and at a time when the Jordanian Armed Forces were making arrangements for reorga-

Abu Taleb said that despite the incomplete reorganisation process the Jordanian Armed Forces were able to repel the aggression which lasted n whole

The Israelis brought against Jordan an armoured division with air force support and artillery and launched a threepronged attack on the Jorda-

"It was when the attacking force crossed the Jordan River that the Jordanian troops engaged them in a heroic struggle in defence of the motherland." Abu Taleb added:

He said the battle ended with great losses for Israel and an ignominions defeat for its forces which were compelled to withdraw under cover of dark-

In his statement published by the Al Aqsa magazine, Abu Taleb said that the Israelis launched their aggression on Jordan because of its extremely



The Monument of the Unknown Soldier at the village of Karamet in the Jordan Valley

important strategic position. They had hoped to occupy the heights located on the eastern side in order to exert pressure on Jordan and the other countries of the eastern front,"

Abu Taleb said But he added the outcome of the battle came as a devastating blow to the Israeli military machine and ended the legend of Israeli invincibility.

ies and warned that Israeli attacks in South Lebanon could develop into a full-scale offensive. Atafat told a news conference the Israeli government has decided on harsber measures to halt the 15-month-old Palestinian uprising in the West Bank and Gaza He said Shamir has initiated a two-pronged plan to quelithe uprising by "escalating oppressive iron fist polices against our peo-ple, while... offering some new

Hospi Mubarak In Israel, a foreign ministry

proved relations with Israel. suing normalisation of relations with Egypt," he said. "The future of the relations depends more on

"Now that this burden on our relations has been removed, we fruitful cooperation in other re-

official said now that the Taba dispute was over, it was up to the Egyptians to work toward im-"Israel has always been pur-

the Egyptians than on us.

Israeli air raid kills **15 in east Lebanon**

RIYAK, Lebanon (R) — Israeli jets bombed two Palestinian bases in Syrian-controlled east Lebanon Monday, killing at least 15 fighters and civilians, Palestinian sources and witnesses said.

"We have been able to pull out at least 15 bodies. People are still trapped under the rubble," said Abu Ibrahim, an official of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command (PFLP-GC).

"I believe that those who de served to get it, got it," Israeli Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin told reporters in occupied Jerusalem after the raid, the fourth by Israel on Palestinian targets in Lebanon this year.

The raid followed a series of

Palestinian attacks on the Jewish state last week. An Israeli soldier was killed in the latest attack. The air raids in the Dalhamieh

BAGHDAD (AP) - PLO

Chairman Yasser Arafat Monday

blamed Israeli Prime Minister

Yitzhak Shamir fot escalating

violence in the occupied territor-

ideas on a settlement to the con-

flict... aimed at distracting world

in weekend clashes with Israeli

soldiers bringing the overall death toll to 403 Arabs.

The Palesone Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO) leader said that

the Israelis may also launch pre-

emptive attacks against Palesti-

nian positions in South Lebanon. "They (the Israelis) ate in deep

crisis and 1bey think that an aggression in South Lebanon will

help them to get out of their bottleneck," he said, speaking in

Arabic.

Seven Palestinians were killed

opinion from the uprising.

area, near the town of Riyak a few kilometres from the Syrian border and 55 kilometres east of Beirut, hit the house of a Lebanese family who were buried under the rubble, witnesses said. The jets also his two PFLP-GC

bundings — a military vehicle repair workshop and a singlestorey administration block - as well as a building of the Democratie Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP).

Commandos searched for survivors under the rubble of the buildings. Palestinian sources said the 15 dead included civilians. On Feb. 28, Israeli jets raided a DFLP position in mountains

Arafat: Israeli attacks could

South Lebanon where "they can

start any aggression against the

Arab countries without waiting

for any green light from their

Since 1985, Israel has main-

tained a self-proclaimed "security

zone" in South Lebanon in ordet

to prevent Palestinian fighters

from staging cross-border attacks

Arafat also denied reports that

the United States has asked the

PLO to halt military operations

against Israel as a condition for

cononuing a dialogue opened last

to give promises or make pledges on bow to defend our rights," he

right for "all kinds of struggle"

against Israel, but indicated that

recent attacks were staged by

rival Palestinian factions to

embarrass him and upset the Un-

He said that PLO officials

holding talks next Wednesday in Tunis with U.S. Ambassadot to Tunisia Robert Pelletreau would

ask for active American involve-ment in efforts 10 convene an

international Middle East peace

Our priority in the next round

ited States-PLO dialogue.

Arafat said the PLO has the

Nobody has the right to ask us

against northern Israel.

lead to full-scale offensive

Western allies."

December.

fighters and wounding 23 ehildren ai a nearby school.

Palestinian fighters have over the past two months launched at least five attempts to infiltrate Israel from South Lebanon.

The commandos, from radical roups opposed to a Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasset Arafat, have al been stopped in the Jewish state's self-declared "security zone" in

side southern Lebanon. The attacks have fuelled Israeli demands that the United States break off its dialogue with the PLO, which began last December when PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat renounced terrorism and recognised Israel's right to exist.

President Bush's administration has expressed concern at the raids but made no move to hall its contacts with the PLO, which says attacks on Israeli military targets are not affected by its tenunciation of terrorism.

Arafat also reiterated backing

for a proposal made by Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard She-

vardnadze during a Middle East

swing last month that an Atab

help prepare such a conference.

Atafat said that Western Euto-

they will present their own initia-

tive for a Middle East scrilement

after U.S. Ptesident George Bush

formulates his policy for the re-

tive in order 10 discuss it," he

He said that chances for Mid-

dle East peace had improved,

while "the Palestinian state has

now moved from the world poli-

tical map into its geographical

map... and it's only a matter of

Arafat said that discussions

would be held soon in Baghdad,

fears that Palestinians from the

oecupied territories who are

named to the interim government

would be expelled by the Israelis.

time before it materialises."

Palestinian state.

We are waiting for their initia-

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday telephoned Egyptlan President Hosni Mubarak, to congratulate him on the return of Taba in Sinai to Egypt and for raising the Egyptian flag on the

Al Hussein

congratulates

Mubarak on

Taba return

Lebanon shelling spreads to 40 towns

lery battles sptead Monday from Beirut to about 40 outlying

Security and hospital sources said at least three people were killed and 30 wounded by shelling which rocked mountain towns and coastal neighbourhoods

spreading panic among civilians. The shelling in and around Beitut between Druze fightcts and mainly Falangist theops of Major General Michel Aoun was the most intense since last Tuesday, when 43 people were killed and 150 wounded, most of them

committee should be formed to Security sources and Red Cross workers said the ferocity of the pean countries have told the PLO shelling made an accurate casualty figure impossible to obtain.

But they said two people weter known to have been killed in Beirut and one in the mountains. and predicted the casualty toll

As the barrage spread, it hit areas which had been spared civil

years. Security sources said nne man was killed and five people wete wounded when shells hit Karameh Street in Beitut's Shi'ile

southern suburbs. The army-run radio said Syrian gunners pounded the residential areas of Baabda, where the ptes-

tbe military headquarters of tbe idential palace is located, and PLO on setting up a provisional pine forests around Bkirki, the government for the symbolie seat of the Maronite Church. It said an army barracks in He said the only reason for postponing the decision bad been

Sarba was his as well as a police station in Warwar.

Monday's shelling again struck residential areas in east and west Beirut's suburbs, the airport road controlled by Syrian troops in the western sector and the official

Shells hit the Khaldeh junetion, south of Beirut, which is a main supply route fot Syrian troops deployed in west Beirut and swept mountain and coastal

areas over 150 square kilometres.

The airpon has been closed since a struggle over the country's sea and air outlets erupted last week between Aoun, who commands 15,000 mainly Falangist troops, and opposition militias.

An army statement said gunners fired in retaliation at Syrian forces in the mountains who they said shelled Falangist-held areas.

The thud of artillery shells could be heard aeross Beirui as Kuwaii's ambassador in Damas-cus, Ahmad Abdul Aziz Al Jassim, held talks with Sunni Acting Prime Minister Selim Hoss who heads a civilian government vying for power against Aoun's military cabinet.

Jassim arrived from Damascus for talks with rival leaders about Arab League efforts to solve Lebanon's constitutional crisis following last September's failed presidential elections. The Kuwaiti envoy told repor-

ters after a 90-minute meeting with Hoss that he was carrying invitations to seven former presidents and prime ministers to meet a special Atab League peace committee in Tunis later this month.

Jassim, who later expected to see Aoun, said he would also mediate to ease lension in Lehanon and discuss the fighting sparked by Aoun's blockade of llegal ports, the main soutce of income for the militias.

Druze security sources said the artillery barrages closed the main highway linking Beirut to Damas-

Radio stations on both sides of the capital's "green line" urged people to stay indoors and broadcast martial songs.

Mubarak: Israel dragging its feet over Mideast peace

/ that israel was dragging its feet over peace and contributing to the cycle of violence in the Middle East.

"It is obvious that its (Israel's) steps are still stumbling... Its resort to violence can only breed more violence," Mubarak told parliament.

: He was referring to Israel's attempts to curb a 15-month uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. More than 400 Palestinians have died in the re-

The Egyptian leader's televised address follows Egypt's celebration Sunday of the return of Taba, the last sliver of land occu-

pied by Israel since the 1967 Middle East war. "We feel it is in Israel's interest to prepare itself for an international conference," Mubarak said in his 80-minute speech, broadcast live on Egyptian television. Mubarak's remarks added to

AMMAN (Petra) — A four-day conference by the Organisation of Islamic Capitals and Cities

(OICC) Monday salnted the

heroic struggle of the Palestinian people under Israeli rule and

voiced the Islamie World's absolute support for Palestinian efforts to regain their rights and

A statement issued at the conclusion of the sessions also conde-

mned Israel's inhuman practices

against the Palestinian people, its

demolition of Arab homes, de-

tention of youths and displace-ment of Palestinian families.

It also denounced as barbaric

Israel's continued actions de-

signed to obliterate Arab and

Islamie characters from Palesti-

nian cities and its desecration of

final session which was chaired by

Greater Amman Mayor Abdul

Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh and which

The statement was issued at the

Palestine Liberation Otganisa-

The 58-year-old Egyptian be-came president in 1981 after the assassination of the late President Anwar Sadat and he has helped steer Egypt to the forefront of the

Middle East peace process. Egypt, the only Arab state to have signed a peace treaty with Israel, enjoys elose ties with

Washington.

Mubarak plans to visit the United States soon, and is expected to press his views directly to U.S. President George Bush.

Despite the treaty signed 10 years ago. all but three Arab states have restored relations with Cairo, and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat is a frequent visitor to the Egyptian capital.

Mubarak urged Israel not to take fright at the prospect of an international peace conference.

OICC salutes Palestinians under occupation

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak said Mon- Israel to agree to an international reason."

agreed on the need for a conference, adding that the PLO bad made its contribution by renouncing terrorism and recognising

Israel's right to exist.

Mubarak said the creation of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) bas brought new hope to the Arabs as it is a constructive step towards coordinating pan-Arab efforts and serving nadonal interests.

Mubarak said the four ACC countries — Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, and North Yemen — have agreed to coordinate their efforts in agricultural and economie fields, so that they can together hold greater potendal in confronting competition by other world economic

He said that the ACC is open for other Arab countries to join in and to participate in the common efforts to bolster the Arab nation's economy.



renew our old hope for more latively unexploited fields.

"We need guarantees that Israel will not expel them when (of dialogue) will be escalating Arafat said that Israeli attaeks could develop into a large scale moves to convene the internawe appoint them as members in nonal conference," he said. the government," he said. offensive by early summer in

Israeli aide urges talks with PLO

conference.

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Deputy Finance Minister Yossi Beilin, speaking after security forces killed seven Palestinians in bitter fighting, called Monday for talks with the banned PLO even if Israel's coalition government fell as a result.

"The ome has come to get up and say the partner is the PLO if it will cease violence," Yossi Beilin, a top aide of Labour Parly chief Shimon Peres, said on Isreli Radio. "We must tell ourselves and

the world that today there is no one else. We must set up condidons, the PLO must meet those conditions and then we will meet them," he said. He said Labour should pursue

contacts with the Palestine Libetation Organisation without the right-wing Likud Party, its coalition partner, even if the contacts brought down the govern-Criticising the right-wing Likud

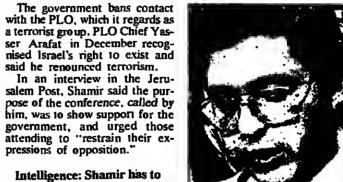
Party of Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, Labour's coalition partner, for its rejection of PLO peace initiatives, Beilin said: "It is time to say, 'friends, the

emperor has no clothes'... Those who talk of a political process together (with Likud) in essence is talking about political para-

He denied he was speaking on behalf of Peres, who is finance minister and deputy prime minister. Yossi Ben-Aharon, director-

Beilin's temarks unfortunate. Labnur's Ministet Without Pottfolio Ezer Weizman Sunday

general of Shamir's office, called also called for negotiations with the PLO.



talk to PLO

gence services to the Israeli Political sources said the repo⊓, representing a consensus of the Mossad overseas espionage eabinet says Israel has no alternative 10 negotiating with the Israel Radio said Wednesday.

world Jewish leaders in occupied Jerusalem behind his refusal to negotiate with the PLO. Right-wing Parliamentarian

General Amnon Shahak. The study says a Palestinian



Palestine Liberation Organisa-The conclusions of the annual national intelligence estimate were leaked to several Israeli newspapers as Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir tried to rally

A secret report from the intelli-

Michael Eitan accused aides to dovish Vice-Premier Shimon Peres of leaking the-report, which he said was compiled by the head of military intelligence, Major-

uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip will continue indefinitely if Israel does not take a substantive step towards negotiations with the PLO, according to the newspapers.

It also says there is no serious lead to a demand for a (Palestileadership in the occupied terri- nian) state west of the Jordan tories independent of the PLO. River.

agency, the Shin Bet internal security, service and military intelligence, was submitted to the 12-man inner cabinet last The newspapers also quoted the study as saying the PLO had

political realism, contradicting Shamir's assertion that PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's recognition of Israel and renunciation of lerrorism were not genuine. The report also warns that if peace efforts break down, the four states which recently formed

truly begun to change towards

an Arab Cooperation Council -Jotdan, Egypt, Iraq and North Yemen - could form a threatening "eastern front" against Israel.
Shamir told a conference called to demonstrate world Jewish solidarity with Istael: "We are opposed to negotiations with the

PLO because it will inevitably

issued the conference's resolutions and recommendations. According to the statement the conference endorsed the organisation's final accounts and the budgets for the previous two years and adopted budgets for the coming two years. It also amended a number of

laws contained in the organisation's charter, opeoing the way for eight rather than four cities from each Islamic country to join the organisation. The conference paid tribute to

Jordan Egypt and Kuwait for

honouring their commitments to

help the organisation set up its

headquarters, according to the statement.

Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawab-

deh Monday receives the OICC shield from the

organisation's Secretary General Abdul Qader

The delegates, the statement said, te-elected Abdul Qader Koshak as the OICC secretarygeneral fot a third term of four years and announced that the next conference will be held in

Rabat, in March 1991. Towards the end of the meeting, Rawabdeh distributed token gifts and the OICC shields to a number of Islamic cities including

Following the meetings the

places of interest in the capital including Amra Garden, Abdoun district, Saqf Al Sail. Al Hashimeh Plaza and the Al Nasr Garden.

Koshak at the end of the OICC conference (Petra

They also visited the archaeological city of Jerush in participants toured a number of northern Jordan.

Baker close to deciding on special ambassador to Afghan Mujahedeen

WASHINGTON (AP) — U.S. Secretary of State James A. Baker III appears close to making a decision on sending a special ambassador to the U.S.-backed rebels fighting the Soviet-supported regime in Afghanistan, administration officials say.

ing U.S. influence among the long-feuding Afghan rebel factions, the officials said over the

A White House official said the envoy's role could be seen as attempting to limit Pakistan's influence among the Afghan rehels. He said Baker has the matter

"under consideration" and that he "may be close to a decision point. The official, who spoke on condition his name not he used,

said the proposal "is still on Baker's desk" and has not yet reached President George Bush. A State Department official. who also spoke privately, said the proposal has been "under consid-

The move is aimed at broaden- eration for a long time." hut said he was uncertain of the timing of the decision or its possible announcement

The first official emphasised that the move would not imply U.S. recognition of any interim government established by the rebels, also known as Mujahe-

nistan for more than 11 years and divisions among the rebel units could prolong the fighting. The seven main rehel groups are members of an alliance based in Pakistan, hut have been deeply divided as their leaders struggle

The Soviets, who entered Afghanistan in 1979, withdrew in ance to its proxies.

February under an agreement mediated by the United States. Last week the Soviets renewed arms shipments to the Communist regime in Kabul, saying they will continue to supply equipment to President Najibullah's troops as long as Pakistan and the United States supply the guerrillas.

Last year, Republican Sen. Gordon Humphrey of New Hampshire, pushed a law through Congress that required the appointment of a special amhas-

On Friday, senators renewed the call for the appointment in a

The resolution, which was re-ferred to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, also said the United States should not cut the amount of military equipment it gives the Afghan guerrillas until it "absolutely clear" that the Soviet Union has ended assist-

UNIFIL, heavy water top agenda for Norwegian's Israel visit

OSLO, Norway (AP) — Norwe-gian Foreign Minister Thorvald Stoltenberg will discuss clashes between United Nations Interim Force. In Lebanon (UNIFIL) troops and Israeli forces in southern Lehanon when he visits Israel early next month, officials said

Stoltenberg also planned to raise Oslo's demand for inspection rights of heavy water Norway sold Israel 30 years ago, Foreign Ministry spokeswoman Sigrid Romundsei said. Heavy water for nuclear reactors can be used in making weapons.

Stoltenberg's trip April 2-5 is the second leg of a Mideast tour he hegan last January to evaluate peace prospects on behalf of the Scandinavian countries.

Clashes between the Israelis and the Norwegian hattalion of the UNIFIL were discussed Thursday at a meeting in New York between Defence Minister Johan Joergen Holst and U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez

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The national news agency NTB quoted Holst as saying "the Israelis may be changing the rules of the game" by their behaviour in South Lebanon, where UNI-FIL has been stationed since

On March 7 an Israeli tank crashed through a Norwegian-Finnish roadblock, prompting Holst to protest that Israel does not respect the United Nations. "If the Defence Ministry of Norway is not satisfied it can take the Norwegian battalion out of

UNIFIL." Israeli Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin was quoted as In another incident, an Israeli tank fired a grenade at two Norwegian soldiers "and could easily have killed them, said

Norwegian Defence spokesman Gunnar Angeltveit. "We want to see Israel respect international rules. We try to remain neutral, which means we sometimes criticise Israel," said

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Angeltveit.

A diplomatic incident erupted in January when Lieutenant-Colonel Jan-Erik Karlsen, commander of the 875-man Norbatt, was quoted as comparing an Israeli action to Nazi-like behaviour.

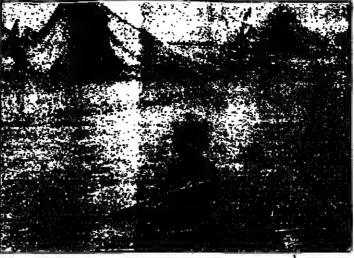
Karlsen, reacting to the deportation of 65 Lebanese civilians from their homes in the Norwegian zone, was quoted as telling

"In World War II, my fellow countrymen sacrificed their lives in a struggle against the Nazis who were trying to expel Jews from Norway. Nowadays, you behave in South Lehanon exactly as the Nazis did in Norway."

"The Norwegian authorities do not accept comparisons between the deportations in South Lebanon and Nazi crimes against the Jews during World War II," said Holst, but he refused to call Karlsen home. He also accused Israel of violating human rights in

the West Bank and Gaza.

Situation may worsen



A Sudanese boy in a refugee camp on the Sudan-Uganda border.

Sudanese refugees starving in Uganda

ADJUMANI, Uganda (R) — More than 20,000 Sudanese refugees in northern Uganda are running short of food because poor security on the roads has delayed the arrival of a relief

"There is no food. People are starving," said Venusto Ogido, the chairman of Arinyapi Refugee Camp in northwestern Uganda, where 17,000 victims of

Sudan's civil war have gathered over the past two weeks. Most are from Nimule, a border town which fell to the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) March 3.

The refugees are huddled in makeshift grass shelters along the hanks of a stream, 16 kilometres inside Uganda, surrounded by the few belongings they managed to salvage.

"When it rains, we really suffer a lot," Ogido told a party of visiting journalists. A convoy of trucks with 400 tonnes of food is on its way to the

refugee camps near Adjumani, but it has been delayed by poor security on the road from Gulu. 120 kilometres to the south. A religiously inspired Ugandan

rebel group, the Holy Spirit Movement, still raids villages and attacks traffic on the roads around Gulu and the food convoy, organised by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), was due to receive a military escort for the

final leg of its journey.

But UNHCR's field officer in Adjumani, Jean Michel Goudstikker, said he was confident the situation was under control: "The food here is a problem, but it is not yet critical. I have 400 tonnes on the way. If it does not come today it will come tomorrow."

More than 30,000 refugees have fled into northern Uganda since October to escape fighting between Sudanese government troops and the SPLA, seeking to end what it sees as domination of Sudan's Christian and animist south by the Muslim north.

Relief workers fear thousands Amin.

more refugees could flood in if the SPLA continued its recent string of military victories.
UNHCR was able to fly some food stocks into refugee camps over the last month but has failed to distribute supplies regularly

since March 11. Relief workers say there is not much disease or malnutrition in the camp yet hut warn the situation will worsen if food and water

problems continue Already, diarrhoea is on the rise at Arinyapi, whose residents bathe in the same stream water

they use for drinking.

The UNHCR and Ugandan government plan to settle the incoming refugees on the fertile rolling plains around Adjumani where they will eventually be able

to grow their own food. Some 3,000 refugees have already been airlifted from Kitgum in northern Uganda and ,000 more who arrived there recently are due to follow.

Several thousand, more, who entered Uganda on the west bank of the Nile, are gradually being brought to Adjumani hy ferry

The arrival of new refugees has slowed to a trickle over the past week, but UNHCR fears continued victories by the SPLA in southern Sudan could push thousands more across the border.

Radio SPLA bas already warned the civilian population of Kaya, on the Ugandan frontier, to evacuate their homes in anticipation of a rehel attack.

Relief workers say the besieged town of Yei, 80 kilometres further north, could follow soon after. Many of its 90,000 bungry residents have already started leaving the town because food supplies there are virtually exhausted.

The Sudanese refugees are being received with sympathy by the people of northwest Uganda. Many of these were until re-

cently themselves refugees in southern Sudan, where they fled in 1979 to escape a rebel army which overthrew dictator Idi



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Ethiopia's **TPLF** begin rebuilding capital

MEKELE, Ethiopia (R) — Rebel soldiers who overran the provincial capital Mekele face the daunting task of reviving a city with no power, no money, limited food and water and hit by a meningitis epidemic.

The Tigray Peoples Liberation Front (TPLF), fighting since 1975 to overthrow the government in Addis Ababa, captured Mekele on Feb. 27 and secured control over virtually all of the northern province of Tigray.

Rebel officials in Mekele de-

clined to speculate on when or whether the government, bard-pressed both by the TPLF and rebels in the coastal province of Eritrea, will launch a counter-

But they said they were planning to reopen schools and other institutions.

As government troops with-drew from the city, they turned tank and artillery fire on to its power plant, damaging it beyond

Rebel forces have not yet been able to restore the city's electricity supply but are rigging pumps and fixing pipes to get water supplies

flowing again.

Residents said Ethiopian troops fled in panic once the government-ordered withdrawal started and blew up the town's ammunition depot as they went. "The smoke blacked out the

sun, the explosions continued for 36 hours," said a hotel-keeper. Food supplies must come by truck convoy over mountain roads from support bases several days' journey away.

In Mekele's hospital, TPLF medics are trying to cope with an outhreak of meningitis, a virtual infection of hrain membranes which can kill in 18 bours, as well as dozens of injuries from the ammunition dump explosion.

8 receive **King Faisal Award**

RIYADH (AP) - Crown Prince Abdullah distributed this year's King Faisal Awards to eight win-.

ners, including four Westerners, at a ceremony late Sunday. The prestigious awards, which bad been announced earlier, are distributed annually to honour excellence in the fields of science, medicine, Arabic literature, Isla-

mic studies and service to Islam. This year's winners included two Americans, a German, a Briton, two Egyptians, an Iraqi and

Luigi Mastroianni, an American, shared the prize in medicine with Briton Robert Geoffrey Ed-

Mastroianni, whose speciality is infertility, is professor of ob-stetrics and gynaecology, and director of the division of human reproduction at the University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine.

Edwards, a professor of human reproduction at the University of Cambridge, was one of the doc-tors who assisted in the successful hirth of the world's first test-tube baby in 1970.

Professor Ahmed H. Zewail, an Egyptian-boro American of the California Institute of Technology, won the award for his pioneering research in the field of spectroscopy and his contribution toward the realisation of laser-driven themical reactions. He shared the prize with Dr. Theodore W. Hansch, a professor of physics at the University of Munich, West Germany, for his mork in least physics work in laser physics.

The prize for Islamic education achievement went to 72-year-old Egyptian exponent of the Islamic faith, Mohammad Al Ghazalli, native of a Nile delta village.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Jews fined for aiding Palestinlans

JERUSALEM (R) - A tiny Jewish sect opposed to Israeli statehood said Sunday it would pay a fine for illegally handling \$3,000 which it gave to a Palestinian hospital. Attorney Naftali Werzberger said the Bank of Israel imposed the fine of \$750 on Jerusalem's ultra-religious Neturei Karta sect, which regards creation of a Jewish state before the coming of the Messiah as a sin. The group gave \$3,000 last summer to help Mokassed hospital in Jerusalem to care for Palestinians wounded in the uprising against Israeli rule, now in its 16th month. Members of parliament called for an investigation after news photos showed Rabbi Moshe Hirsch of the group visiting the Palestinian hospital wearing the big black cap and long black coat of an ultra-religious Jew. The money was received from abroad and passed on in dollars. Werzberger said regulations against holding foreign currency are not normally applied to non-commercial organisations. "If the contribution was to the Jerusalem Foundation or to the Labour Party or Likud, I don't think anyone would make an issue of it," he told Reuters.

Iran: OIC decision defeat for U.K.

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) - Commentators of Iran's state-run press said Saturday that the decision hy the foreign ministers of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) a victory for Iran over Britain and the West. "Following the decisive stance taken by the Islamic countries with regard to the book, its author and publishers, this matter will make the British government more embarrassed than ever, and will push it into a weak and defensive position from the political and propaganda standpoint," Tehran Radio said in its commentary. In the 18th meeting of the OIC, which ended Thursday in Riyadh, the organisation's 145 members declared Salman Rushdie, author of the Satanic Verses an apostate. Iran severed ties with Britain earlier this month over what it saw as London's role for protecting Rushdie and leading the European reaction against Iran. The 12 members of the European Community recalled their amhassadors from Tehran to protest Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's execution order against Rushdie for defaming Islam in his book.

Mulroney denies Clark rift over PLO

OTTAWA (Agencies) - Prime Minister Brian Mnlroney denied Thursday that there is a rift between himself and External Affairs Minister Joe Clark. Mulroney insisted he and Clark are not at odds over Canada's position towards the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). After a cabinet meeting Thursday, Mulroney denied that he said it was too early to upgrade relations with the PLO. "I have not said that ... There is no inconsistency at all between Clark's position and mine", Mulroney said. "Me. Clark and I are in full agreement on that and all areas of foreign policy." Mulroney said Clark has yet to submit a recommendation to cabinet on Middle East policy. "As soon as we have it, we will make a decision.

Prince Charles ends Gulf tour

NICOSIA (R) - Britain's Prince Charles flew bome Sunday night from a four-nation tour of the Gulf during which he faced a security scare in Dubai. The Saudi Press Agency, received in Nicosia, said in an overnight report that the prince left Saudi Arahia after a three-day private visit that included talks with King Fahd. On the advice of the British government, the prince decided not to play in a polo match in Dubai, which has a large community of Iranians. He visited amid a row between Britain and Iran over British novelist Salman Rushdie, whom Iran has said should be killed for blasphemy. Prince Charles and his wife Lady Diana, who left for home from Dubai, began their tour in Kowait and then visited Bahrain.

Police, orthodox Jews clash

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Israeli police threw tear gas bombs to disperse ultra-orthodox protesters at the Wailing Wall Monday after the hlack-garbed Jews threw chairs at women ultra-orthodox Hasidic men tried to block some 50 women of the more lenient Jewish Reform Movement who came 10 pray at the wall on the eve of the Purim boliday. Ultra-orthodox Jews oppose women adherents of reform conducting prayers traditionally done only by men. They sparked a fight several months ago after women carrying Torah scrolls tried to pray at the wall. Fistfights broke out between police and the men, in long black coats and traditional sidecurls, when guards forced the men to allow the women through and kept the men behind steel barriers. Police threw tear gas after a woman was lightly injured when one man threw a chair over the male-female partition at the women worshippers, photographer Brian Hendler told Reuters. "The place was covered in gas," Hendler said. "Some of the women were overcome by the tear gas and were crying. The police started threatening the men and told them to get lost." The women finished praying near Dung Gate, some 500 metres from the wall.

Mossad head retires

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — The head of Israel's Mossad secret service retired Sunday, ending a six-year career amid controversy and criticism, Israel Radio said. The radio identified the secret service chief publicly for the first time as Nahum Admoni. His name was hanned from publication while in the post and his successor's identity in an official secret. In a brief ceremony, Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Defence Minister Yitzhak Rahin thanked Admoni and praised his work during six years as the spy agency chief, the radio said. Admoni came under unprecedented public criticism after the high court allowed publication of an article questioning his competence and describing intelligence blunders during his term. The article denounced the Mossad's role in the U.S. Iran-contra debacle and a spy scandal in which an American naval analyst passed secrets to Israel. The article published last month also blamed the Mossad head for the expulsion of Mossad agents from Britain last year. The prime minister's office has said his retirement is not connected to the publication of the article. The radio said Admoni had worked for the secret service almost continually since Israel's establishment in 1948.

17:00 17:45

DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

JORDAN TELEVISION

ler 773111-19
PROGRAMNE ONE
IS:30 Korar
15:40 Programme review
15:45 Children programmer
17.00 Children programmer
17:00 Educational programme
17:30 Religious programme
18:60 News summary in Arabic
18:05 Programme on world news
18:20 Programme on children
19:10 Agricultural programme
19:45 Programme review
20:00 News in Arabic
20:30 Arabic series
21:30 Programme review
21:40 Local programme
22:30 Arabic programme
23:00 News summary in Arabic
and the state of t
PROGRAMME TWO
18:00 Les Annces d'Illusion

French varieties

.... News in Arabic .. Hit Squad

	PRAYER TIMES
11.43	Faji Faji Svarisei Duha Dhuhr Asi

CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church, Sweifield

For more information, Write:

P.O. Box 441,

Or telephone: 845572 or 847191.

Sweileh, Jordan

ABS,

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. De in Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. 685326. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295. Rainbow Congregation Tel. 822605. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264

WEATHER ·

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be fair with expected ri	se in
temperature and northwesterly m	oder

DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Dr. Ahmed Al Nagouri

Amman 7 / 20 Aqaba 13 / 27 Deserts 5 / 21 Jordan Valley 12 / 26	ZARQA: Dr. Ratch Atallah
	EMERGENCIES
Yesterday's high temperatures: Am-	
man 17. Aqaba 24. Humidity readings:	Civil Defence Department 6611
Amman 33 per cent, Aqaba 37 per cent.	Civil Defence Immediate
bent,	Rescue
USEFUL TELEPHONE	Civil Defence Emergency
	Rescue Police 192, 621111. 6377
NUMBERS	Fire Brigade 672090/
Morenie	Blood Bank 7751
NIGHT DUTY	Highway Police
AMMAN:	Trainc rolles 606090
	Public Security Department
Dr. Walid Smadi	656000 / 6851
Dr. Abbas Al Hakim 891256 Dr. Hani Haddadin	Price Complaints
Dr. Fakher Balbisi	Water and Semanas
Fires pharmacy	Complaint 9072
Ferdows pharmacy 778336	Water and Sewerage Complaints 8974 Amman Municipality Complaints 7871
Al Asema pharmacy	Complaints 7871
M-1	T

ale wind. In Aqaba, wind will be

Repairs
Radio Jordan
Water Authority
Jordan Electricity Authority 815615
Electric Power
R I Flight Information 08-53200
Company
HOSPITALS

AMMAN:	
Hussein Medical Centre	813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Ar	пп 644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. An	
Jabal Amman Maternity	
Malhas, J. Amman	
Palestine, Shmeisani	
Shmeisani Hospital	
University Hospital	845845
Al-Musher Hospital	667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali	666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali	664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhajreen,	777101/3 .
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	775111/26r
Army, Marka	89 611/15
Army, Marka	602240/50
Amai riospitai	674155
ZAROA:	

Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)991071 Ibu Sina Hospital (09)986732
IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100
AQABA:
Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

MARKET PRICES

Uppenlower price in file Apple	500 / 400 350 / 300 300 / 250 159 / 100 130 / 100 230 / 180 130 / 100 400 / 320 240 / 200
Garlic Lemon Lemoe (per one) Marrow (targe) Marrow (small) Orange (Small) Orange (local) Onion (dry) Onion (green)	300 / 250 420 / 360 100 / 70 250 / 200 380 / 320 400 / 350 350 / 300 250 / 200 140 / 100

Peas Pepper (hot) Pepper (sweet) Pepper (sweet) Spinach Tomatoes	640 / 580 250 / 200 420 / 360
FOR THE TRAVE	LER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where is should always be verified.

ARRIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

09:10 Aqaba ((RJ
09:30 Cairo	RJ.
99:50 Muscat, Dubai	RJ
09:55 Doha, Bahrain	
10:00 Abu Dhabi, Kuwait i	RJ
10:15jeddah	R
19:52 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur	(RJ
18:30 Athens, Islanbul (เพ
19:30 Montreal, New York	RJ
20:20 Copenhagen, Frankfurt	RJ.
28-50 Miami, Vienna ((RJ
•	
Other Flights (Terminal	2)
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	Othe	r. Flights	(Tar	minel	2
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٠.	10:45			Tripoli (
	IS:00	************		Dubai (ΕI
	10.00				

...... Baghdad (IA) Moscow, Larnaca (SU) Tripoli (LN

Rome, Paris, Madrid (RJ)

Rome (AZ)

Two insecticide for illegals, altime of the fine discount of the Medical Medic planes arrive

AMMAN (J.T.) — Farmers may look to the sky for sunshine and for rain, but looking for a tractor, lember of the notion indeed. Nonetheless, and hospital agriculture in a variety of roles, and the two turbo-propped fixed Dissel on a rived in Jordan earned the name Air Tractor because they are ideally suited for acrial spraying.

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TURES TO

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The United States Agency for International Development (USAID) is providing the Air Tractors at the request of Ministry of Agriculture to assist the government in fighting an expected infestation of locusts this incian con

with its long range, large payload capacity, safety, and fuel efficiency, the Air Tractor is one of the best planes in the world for spraying locusts. Furthermore, these planes have sufficient 5.05 = 1.73 G & climbing power to operate in most of Jordan's mountains and

valleys. The two planes that arrived here have just completed several months of locust control operations in Africa. Their presence in Jordan will give added assurance that Jordan can deal effectively with a possible locust infestation. Although recent entomological reports from Sandi Arabia indicate that the threat has diminished somewhat, both the Ministry of Agriculture and USAID believe that it is critical

that Jordan be fully prepared.
According to Dr. Randall C.
Cummings, USAID agriculture
director, there is a great deal of uncertainty in predicting the movement of locusts. Changing weather conditions, shifts in the winds, or areas in Saudi Arabia where locusts have not yet been controlled could result in locusts invading Jordan.

"The risk to Jordan's agriculture is too great not to make available every resource at our disposal to belp Jordan attain



Air Tractors are one of the best planes in the world for aerial crop spraying. Two of the planes have arrived in Jordan and will stand by for use as long as there is a threat of any locust infestation.

maximum preparedness for a lo-cust infestation," Dr. Cummings sonnel in locust control opera-

The planes will remain in Jordan so long as a locust infestation is threatening. While here, the pilots and crew will also provide training to Ministry of Agricul-

ture crop protection service and

Dr. Rob Libby, an operations and logistics expert, has returned to Jordan at the request of the Ministry of Agirculture to work with the aircraft and assist in the

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

GOOD WISHES: His Majesty King Hussein Monday sent a cable of good wishes to Tunisian President Zine Al Abidine Ibn Ali on his country's national day. The King wished the president continued health and happiness and further progress and prosperity for the Tunisian people. (Petra)

ROYAL DECREES: A Royal Decree was issued Monday appointing Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Hisham Al Khatib to serve as acting minister of bealth. Health Minister Zuhair Malhas is currently on official business abroad. Another decree was issued conferring the Jordanian Independence Medal of the First Order on China's Ambassador to Jordan Zhang Zhen upon the termination of his tour of duty in Jordan, (Petra)

COMPUTER EXPO: Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabeh Saturday opened the Amman computer expo the first major computer exhibition in Jordan where the latest advances in computer and office automation equipment are featured. The exhibition, currently at the King Abdullah Public Park Complex, runs through Friday March 24.(J.T.)

INDUSTRIAL EXPORTS: Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tabbaa had a meeting in Amman Monday with United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) representative Ali Atiqa to discuss U.N.-Jordanian cooperation in industrial training fields. The two sides discussed the idea of dispatching U.N. experts to help Jordan develop its industrial exports. The minister told Atiqa that the ministry plans to establish a Higher Council of Jordanian Exports.

DEVELOPMENT: Amman Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin met Monday with beads of development conneils in the Amman region to review issues related to economic, social and services sectors. The meeting heard views of various participants about these

PRINCESS BASMA OPENS BAZAAR: Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Monday opened a charity bazaar at the Nozha Social Development Centre. The three-day bazaar includes sections displaying needleworks, woven dresses, handicrafts, flowers, food, and children's clothes. (Petra)

ZAKAT: A seminar on zakat (alms for the poor) will open at Yarmouk University Tuesday. The two-day meeting will be attended by 40 Islamic scholars from Jordan and other countries. (J.T.) SAFETY ON ROADS: The Public Transport Corporation orga-

nised a training seminar in Amman Monday to deal with public safety on the roads. Among the speakers were senior officers from the Civil Defence Department. (J.T.)

EXHIBITION: The first Jordanian products exhibition will be held in Abu Dhabi on March 28, with 85 Jordanian companies taking part. The exhibition is organised by the Jordanian Trade Centres Corporation, in cooperation with Amman Chamber of Commerce.

PHYSICS: A physics conference started Monday at the University of Jordan. The conference is organised by the physics department at the university in cooperation with the Royal Scientific Society. University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Majali told the conferees that the university believes in the importance of research and expressed desire to participate in conference and seminars so as to exchange experience and

Tabbaa: ACC opened new markets for Jordan

Saggaf urges private sector to improve quality, diversify

AMMAN (Petra) — The Secret-ary General of the Ministry of Industry and Trade, Mohammad Saggaf, Monday issued an appeal to the private sector to reduce the production cost of manufactured goods by all possible means and to improve the quality of exported products to ensure markets for Jordanian products

In a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Saqqaf said that the government was hoping to see the private sector transformed into an exporter first and an importer second because exports increase the country's fore-

ign currency reserves and help stabilise the national economy. In remarks here Monday, following the end of a seminar held at the Amman Chamber of Industry to discuss the development of Jordanian exports, Saggaf said that industry plays a leading role in activating the national economy since it absorbs large numbers of workers, reduces unem-ployment and brings in badly

Amman,

Islamabad

AMMAN (Petra) — An agreement was signed Sunday in Amman for twinning the Iordanian

capital with the Pakistani capital

of Islamabad, paving the ground for mutual cooperation in muni-

cipal affairs and exchanges of

expertise and trade between the

The agreement signed by Grea-

ter Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf

Al Rawabdeh and visiting Isla-mabad Mayor Mazhar Rafi pro-

vides for cooperation in cultural,

architectural, commercial and sci-

entific fields as well as in areas of

city organisation, public adminis-

tration, planning, traffic control,

transport, protecting the environ-

ment to safeguarding public

health and public gardens.

velopment projects.

The government and the public sector, Saggaf said, have a limited role and can only help through opening the way for investments by extending facilities and removing obstacles in the path of export operations.

Saggaf appealed to the private sector to refrain from setting up industries similar to those already existing in the country but rather to open new industrial concerns for different types of products that can be marketed here and

Referring to the government's economic, financial and monetary policies, Saqqaf said that they were all aimed at stimulating the national economy in general and boosting industry in particular. He said that the government decision to cancel the requirement for licensing newly established industrial and agricultural schemes, the facilities the government offered for the creation of industries and incentives for investors

are all bound to promote industrial production and exports. The floatation of the Jordanian dinar and the reduced rate of interest on credits from banks. were also instrumental in boosting the country's industrial pro-

duction, Saggaf added. The de-

cline in the value of the dinar

against the U.S. dollar and other

for more Jordanian exports, Saqgaf added. The seminar which was beld

major currencies opened the way

under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan ended Monday evening when the Amman Chamber of Industry President Khaldoun Abu Hassan announced that a drafting committee was assigned the task of compiling the set of recommendations and documents for publication.

Abu Hassan, in a closing address to the meeting, said that Jordan was facing a difficult stage demanding double efforts for production.

Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tabbaa who opened the meetings delivered Prince Hassan's address in which he pointed out that the newly formed Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) has opened new markets for Jordanian exports and paved the way for closer coopeation among the four ACC countries to bolster the Arab Nation's economy.

posed to arouse the child's

Some kind of communication is

carried out through the use of

words, language, drama and

movement accompanied hy some words. The idea is that scinece is

going into art.
"The teacher should set up a

challenge for the child to think

about, trying to get the child to talk to him. In turn, the teacher

should value the child's ideas and

try them. A teacher should never

tell a child what to do," Farr said.

are able to develop their know-

ledge and understanding of the

properties of materials, and the

curiosity.



EXHIBITIONS: Her Royal Highness Princess Wijdan Ali Monday opened two week-long exhibitions at the University of Jordan, The first is a photography exhibition depicting student activities at the university as well as Jordan's historical and

Ministry, charities

SOUTH SHUNEH, The Jordan complementing economic de-Valley (Petra) — The Ministry of velopment in the Kingdom and opportunities for ployed, opening children's clubs and providing services of all kinds to the local population, Tougan

cooperation with the National

3,300 tonnes of poultry arrive

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Supply plans to put for sale in the local market 3,300 tonnes of imported frozen poultry meat, according to AJ Dustour daily which quotes ministry officials. It said that the ministry has additional plans for importing more tresh and frozen sheep meat to be ready for the local markets during the coming month of Ramadan which is expected to begin April 6. Last year the minis-try purchased additional consignments of meat during Ramadan

Make teaching maths fun teacher communication is sup-

By Suhair Obeidat Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Looking at science from a completely new perspective and trying to modify its context was the theme of a lecture entitled the "Significance of Teaching Sciences Through Their Practical Aspects." The lecture was delivered at the University of Jordan by Mike Farr, a senior lecturer in science education at Gwent College of Higher Educa-

The purpose of the lecture was to show that pupils should de-velop the intellectual and practical skills that allow them to explore the world of science and to develop a fuller understanding of scientific phenomena as well as the procedure of scientific exploration and investigation.

the context of activities that require a progressively more systematic and quantified approach, which draws upon an increasing knowledge and understanding of science, Farr said in his lecture. encourage the child's ability to munication and the child to

This work should take place in selves, exploring and then learning. The child to child com-

plan for the task, carry out experiments, interpret results and findings, draw inferences and communicate exploratory tasks and experiments.

Science should be fun. It need not be taught didactically and

children should enjoy experimentation," Farr said This new attitude and approach to science, is based on the children doing the work by them-

Through a live demonstration of the many educational aids or toys, as Farr calls them which be and his assistant Barrie Hughes constructed, he was able to show his audience how pupils

way these properties determine their uses and form the basis for their classification. er tackled was the developing of the pupils knowledge and under-

Another topic which the lecturstanding of the nature of energy, its transfer and control.

Italian firm to build joint Jordanian-Iraqi detergent plant

of directors of the Iraq-Jordan Industry Company has awarded a tender to a construction company for the building of a 15 million Iraqi dinar plant to produce chemical detergents, according to Ministry of Industry and Trade Secretary General Mohammad

Saqqaf. Saqqaf said that the plant, which will be set up in Baghdad. is expected to produce 60,000

tonnes of detergents annually,

sufficient for the needs of Iraq. The tender was awarded to an Italian firm which will implement the project in 22 months, Saqqaf Saggaf said that the joint com-

pany will acquire 40 per cent of the total capital of the detergent plant which is expected to cost 12 million Iraqi dinars. The private

The shares alloted for the Iraqi private sector have been sold out to the public and the Jordanian shares are now on sale here until the end of the month.

The joint Iraqi-Jordanian company was established in implementation of resolutions passed by the Joint Jordanian Iraqi sectors in Iraq and Jordan, he Higher Committee.

A new version of 'Magamat Al Hariri'

Ahmad Ismail revives ancient Arab manuscripts

By Nelly Lama

AMMAN - Ahmad Ismail presents at "The Gallery" (Jordan Intercontinental Hotel), a collection of lithographs that he executed in Leningrad during his 7 years stay there, studying art. They are his personal rendering of the well-known 13th Century Baghdad manuscript illustrations of "Magamat Al Hariri". He had seen the original "Magamat" in the Oriental Institute of Research of the Academy of Sciences in Leningrad... (Two other versions of the "Maqamat" are still in existence. They can be found in the Bibliotheque Nationale, Paris

The manuscripts bear illustrated texts of the story of "Abu Zeid", an unscrupulous traditional Arab figure who, through swift and witty improvisations, managed to touch great individuals as well as dense crowds, enough to rid them of their rewards. He constantly disguised himself as a poor woman, a monk, a pauper, or whatever, with the sole aim of getting hold of his adversary's money. The stories are humourous and almost always carry a morale. They include innumerable allusions, ingenions

Istanbul, Turkey).

sense of spontancity. metaphores, pun and guesswork. Fifty chapters of the Leningrad Magamat still exist. The original illustrator tries to depict the exact city in which the events take place in order to avoid ambiguity. The to the Magamat. illustrations fit into the same page-

on Byzantine paintings or on the shadow puppetry so popular in thirteenth century Baghdad. Shadow puppetry conveys only the silhouette of the figures with plenty of open space around them (As in Al-Wasiti's illustrations of the textures created by stone lithography. The Arabic calligraphy that he incorporates into his sketches fits

well into the overall composition. Some of the preliminary studies are made with spontaneous brushstrokes of watercolour conveying a basic composition that he sticks to in his major works. Thick lines are always alleviated with fine lines rendering fragile details that are witnesses of his great sensitivity.

worked on these with a professional who had acquired the trade from bis father, therefore very capable. It took us a full day to print one picture, with the special effects that we meant to bring out in the impressions. I could get only three prints out of a stone. It

In one of his scenes, he catches ceeds, with the spontaneity of the a moment in time when Abu Zeid old master, to create dynamic dresses as a poor old woman and figures and simple landscapes convinces two men who had just that be produces with very few received awards from the wali brushstrokes. This collection of (the ruler) to hand them over to lithographs (stone printing) took him. Everyone looks on while the him one year of work, studying disguised charlatan looks slyly at the characters, the costumes, and us with his band near his face as if other epics and miniatures of the be were whispering to us "watch. time, that bear any resemblance see what I shall dol". In another scene he shows a number of "I tried to illustrate the Ma- merchants who are worried about

Ahmad bases his character studies on those of the Russian painter Ivanof, in whose "the Apparition of Christ to the People" contrasting reactions are depicted; disbelief and skepticism, complete conviction and appealing for mercy, anxiety etc. In this case some figures beg Abu Zeid to accompany them, some seem hopeless while others look away totally unaffected by the

him to sit on her back and pretend to be his wife in front of the wali. She is to say to him that Abu Zeid had promised her father to be good and kind to her hut was not. When the wali scolded him and asked him why ature. Asked to prove his capabicidentals such as a slipper on one foot the other bare.

Ahmad is not always so explicit. He sometimes offers a partial explanation of the text hoping to

Brancher Brancher & Brancher Brancher Brancher Brancher Brancher Brancher Brancher Brancher Brancher Brancher

brigands. Abu Zeid disguises tion especially in the scene where himself in the attire of a monk Abu Zeid comes face to face with and promises to save them. Here Al-Harith, a rich merchant who is always at the receiving end of Abu Zeid's wily manoeuvres. Both are mounted on donkeys standing on the opposite sides of a creek. Al Harith sits up solemnly on his beast while Abu Zeid's features swirl along with the sharp cuvatious lines created by the sudden diagonal arrest of the falling movement of the donkey on the slope. Here again, in the tradition of the old master, line and movement have lyrical connotations. "Having used no col-In yet another Magamat Abu our, I try to convey mood and Zeid convinces a woman to allow time of day such as a calm evening with line and values." (Values = scale of dark to light).

One of his works had Japanese overtones, the mountain, the ship, all painted in the "Sumi-e" method while the flying fish resembled those seen so often m Far Eastern decorations. Ahmad agreed saying that be had for some time worked on Japanese painting techniques and that the fish in this work simply filled in the space of the sea. He couldn't refrain from expressing the joy he had felt drawing them, "Make two brushstrokes you get a fish!"

Ahmad exhibits other works at "The Gallery", sketches done with a Rotring rapidograph. The forms and volumes are enhanced by the chiaro-scuro, but it lacks the sensitivity present in his other pen and ink sketches, as the single thickness of the rapidograph could not compete with his

use of a variety of nibs.

"Salt" show a strong use of line (pencil) be it the structural lines of the architecture, the tracery of the windows or the electric cable, it forms a skeleton on which the areal use of colour lies.

In his landscapes, with a river view, transparency and reflecnions are created by the various techniques of watercolour that he masters well. His use of analoguous colours transmit a feeling of serenity.

Since the Jordan Times had formerly covered works of this artist, a tiny masterpiece was brought back to light. A sketch of a solitary tree rendered with a great mastery of light, of volume and composition on the whole. Other tiny ink drawings portray little children with few lines and good handling.

When asked why he chose to exhibit in that particular gallery Ahmad answered "I like it more than any other because of its intimacy. One can get closer to the work and see the details... the technique."

The question was posed to the gallery director Nuha Batshon, 'How did you come across him?' He had come to the gallery to look around, mentioned his work, she asked him to bring in his lithographs for her to see. "As

soon as I set eyes on his Maqamat I loved them," she exclaimed. Many share her feelings for the Magamat, although his watercolours or ink drawings might be more appealing to others. No one seems to say any ill of him. It is an

Two watercolours of streets in exhibition worth seeing.



touristic sites. The second one is a Jordanian national heritage exhibition which includes Jordanian-made carpets and dresses of rural Jordanian women (Petra).

coordinate efforts

Social Development is moving ahead with plans to coordinate its work with that of the voluntary and charitable organisations in a bid to provide better services to Jordan Valley residents, Minister of Social Development Fawwaz

Tougan said Monday. The minister, who was addressing a meeting of heads of volun-

thus will try to carry out incomegenerating projects in cooperajoint effort entails producing tra-ditional handicrafts, creating job

He said that the ministry will be implementing the projects in

tary and charitable organisations in the South and North Sbuneb districts, said that the ministry considers social development as

Underground water techniques discussed

from five Arab countries ended a two-day meeting in Amman Monday during which they discussed means of employing nuclear isotopes and other related technology for exploring underground water resources and developing these resources on

Delegates from Jordan, Iraq, Syria, Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates discussed also measures to test water samples and to promote cooperation in waterrelated fields benefitting from experiences of advanced nations.

AMMAN (Petra) - Delegates the Ministry of Water and Irrigation's water-control laboratories said that Jordan which possesses isotope laboratories has been considered by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) as a regional centre serving the Arab region in these fields. Jordan's laboratories, he said, will provide services in water relatedaffairs to the countries of the region in cooperation with the

Vienna-based IAEA. The two-day gathering was organised by IAEA in cooperation with the Ministries of Water and Irrigation and Energy and

WHAT'S GOING ON

Dr. Raja Jadoun director of Mineral Resources.

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS * An art exhibition by Egyptian artist 'Adli Rizquilah at Al Wasiti Gallery.

An art exhibition by seven Jordanian artists at the Art Gallery of Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation - 9 a.m. - 1 p.m., 3 - 6 * An art exhibition by Ahmad Ismaiel displaying paintings on Magamat Al Hariri and Jordanian landscapes at the Gallery.

Hotel Jordan Intercontinental - 9 a.m. . 7 p.m. An exhibition of posters on the French Revolution at the French

An exhibition of paintings by Mohammad Al Jaloos at Alia Art ☆ An art exhibition by Moroccan artist Al Hashemi Izza at the Gallery, Jabal Luweibdeb.

* A graphic art exhibition displaying works by German artists

Liebermann, Slevogt and Corinth at the Yarmouk University.

* The Amman computer exhibition at the King Abdullah Complex — 10:30 a.m. - 8:30 p.m. LECTURE

* A lecture, with slides, entitled "the Fascinating Marine Environment of the Gulf of Agaba and the Red Sea" by Dr. Ahmad Abu Hilal at the Goethe Institute — 7:00 p.m.

☆ A video featuring artists such as Madonna, Talking Heads, Bon Jovi, Grateful Dead, Run DMC and Prince at the American Centre — 7:00 p.m.

the Magamat found in Paris). The Leningrad manuscript, however, has a very personal style of rendering; the artist includes the crowd, an infinite amount of people talking, arguing, questioning. They are not standing in single file, but in circles and ellipses beside a lake. a shop or a banquet. There are always the odd persons who are totally detached from the scene while others seem and in the Suleymaniye library, to convey passionate attention to what is happening. These com-positions range from simple to more complicated ones.

> Ahmad Ismail spent a long time studying and assimilating all these ideas and methods. He then produced his own condensed version of the manuscript. Ridding them of their colour, he pro-

Although coloured, they boast a

high quality of line and a great

s the text. They are often based gamat in such a way as to be crossing the uesert which is full of

execute drawings that are not less beautiful than the original paintings. I kept away from colour and excessive decoration; away from anything that might impede the beauty of line, the movement and

As for printing the works: "I is a difficult technique!"

he behaved so badly towards his wife, Abu Zeid said he was worried about his waning trade, literlities. Abu Zeid rattles on, talking is the best thing he can do, and, surely enough, he is re-warded. What better to portray this funny anecdote with than suave brushstrokes, assymetry of composition, portraying of in-

incite the viewer to look up the Magamat and find the meaning out for himself.

Ahmad excells in characterisa-

Jordan Times

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Prevention first

THE four-day conference on cancer scheduled to be opened today by Her Majesty Queen Noor is a grim reminder that modern-day diseases have reached Jordan with a vengeance. According to Jordanian medical experts, the number of cancer cases officially reported annually in Jordan is on the rise due to environmental changes, smoking habits and artificial foods ever more consumed by Jordanians in contemporary times. There was a time when Jordanian eating habits, life-style and environmental hygiene were such that Jordanians enjoyed relative freedom from cancer and cancer-related diseases.

However, with the advent of progress and economic development, especially in the form of industrialisation, the first result was a rise in cancer cases among Jordanians. It is fortunate that there is now a deliberate campaign to awaken Jordanians, whether in the public or the private sectors, about this disease in order to make a concerted effort to reverse the tide. The ongoing conference on cancer could serve as the very platform from which a well orchestrated campaign could be launched to inform Jordanians of all walks of life about this dreadful disease. Furthermore, our concerned authorities should embark on a well planned campaign to educate people on how to beat the disease. The best medicine in this cootext is preventive medicine. Jordanians should be told what to eat and what oot to eat and what to drink and what not to drink. More information need to be disseminated, for example, on the need to eat roughage and other natural foods. This is not to mention the health problems associated with smoking. The recent decision to ban smoking in public places goes a long way to combat the habit of smoking which is silently killing thousands of Jordanians. Jordanians also need better protection from imported and domestically manufactured foods to make sure they do not contain cancer-causing ingredients. One wonders in this context whether the meat. fish and poultry we eat are free of radiation for example, not to mention other causes of the disease that comes in different forms and shapes. Another related matter in point is the misuse of insecticides and pesticides by farmers which leaves untold quantities of residoes in the foods we eat daily unaware of their cancer-causing attributes. Likewise the quality of the water we drink needs to be under constant supervision lest cancer-causing iogredients seep silently but ominously into it. As to eovironmental concerns, we in Jordan are just beginning to comprehend the magnitude of the problems posed by pollution. To be sure, the list of concerns in this context are indeed endless. That is why it would be wise for the conferees to concentrate on cancer preventive measures with a view to reversing the rise in

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

cancer cases among Jordanians.

Al Ra'i daily newspaper on Monday discussed His Majesty King Hussein's latest tour in Europe where he met with government leaders to discuss the Palestine problem and prospects for convening an international conference. The paper also referred to Kine Hussein's statements following a meeting in London with the British prime minister in which he said that Europe was now expected to play a leading role in settling the Palestine problem. The King, the paper noted, is continuing his efforts at all levels and around the world for the sake of bringing about peace to the Middle East and enabling the Palestinians regain their rights and land. His views are respected by the world leaders who now are fully oriented on Jordan's peaceful endeavours, a development considered favourable for the Arabs and helpful towards the achievement of peace, said the paper. Al Ra'i said that the King's strenuous efforts and his ideas and policies have won support for the Arah cause and paved the way for Europe's role in establishing peace in our region.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily urges the government and concerned authorities to maintain the good reputation which Jordan enjoys among visitors and tourists of this country by doubling their efforts at border posts, airports and other ports of entry to win the confidence of visitors from the Arab and the foreign countries. Jordan, Salah Abdul Samad says, has enjoyed good reputation as a tourist attraction centre, thanks to the joint efforts of the public and private sector. The Kingdom, he adds, is normally visited by large numbers of Arabs and foreigners in the summer and the visitors expect to see good facilities, efficient services, refreshments and deanliness upon entry and departure - something which Jordan has provided over the years, the writer says. He expresses hope that more efforts will be made to boost lourism and leave excellent impression on the visitors of Jordan.

Al Dustour daily tackled the escalation of atrocities on the part of the Israeli forces against the Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip. The paper said that Israelis are now committing more and more massacres against the civilian popula-tion in a bid to quell the uprising and end the struggle for freedom. This escalation of killings and criminal actions against Palestinian freedom fighters proves Israel's failure to end the revolt and the total disappointment of the Zionist leaders who seem to have lost their minds and resorted to crimes, the paper said. The Palestinian revolt is besieging the Israelis and exposing their actions before the whole world, the paper added. It said that the bloodbath in the occupied territories should draw serious and immediate action on the part of the world community in general and the U.N. Security Council in particular.

Sawt Al Shaah daily referred to King Hussein's latest tour in Europe and his talks on the Middle East problem. There is no doubt that the King has won for the Arah cause greater support from European leaders and friendly nations of the world through his relentless efforts and hard work. The King's participation to the Hague meetings to discuss the safety for the placet Earth and his talks in Holland and Britain on peace in the Middle East were part of his ongoing endeavours to give impetus to the peace process. Ihe paper said.

The world according to Yitzhak Shamir

By Gideon Rafael

ONCE UPON a time, this country was ruled by a Prime Ministers' Club: three men in a rickety boat shooting the swirling rapids of national crises. They navigated together, when weathering the storm of some major security mishaps, hut each steered his independent course separately on the primary national issues.

Where are they now? The minister of defence is immersed in the turbulence of the uprising, the minister of finance engaged in a rescue mission of the stranded economy, leaving the third passenger, the incumbent prime minister, to hold the rudder without let or hindrance. Whether he dumped his companions or whether they inadvertently fell overboard is immaterial. What counts is that Shamir is in control. single-handed and single-minded.

Indeed, he never had it so good. His Labour partners are suffering from advanced ideological deficiency; his party opponents are more or less domesticated; the public, by and large, though worried, is resigned to the deadlocked peace process. The rehellious Palestinians don't much affect his show of equanimity: Rahin will hring them back to senses. After all, what can you expect from them? "Arabs are Arahs," reasons the prime

Antagonistic world public opinion? So what. Restriction of access to the trouble spots by the media and a well-orchestrated information campaign will take care of the problem. Political initiatives by foreign governments? Arens will disabuse them. There thus remains the United States. So far all is quiet on the Washington front. A few diversionary moves are likely to delay further its Middle Eastern take-

The only thing that really seems to upset the prime minister in his hlissful world of makehelieve is the disbelievers at home. He feels constrained to warn the public sternly against the peace activists, denouncing them as a sinister force of perilous potential while at the same time ridiculing them as a marginal hunch of noise-makers. The dissenters are enemies of the people and Arah temptations of peace are dismissed as satanic verses;

Unwilling to reio in Gush Emunim, the self-chosen redeemer of the Whole Land of Israel, the

its settlement drive hut also resigns itself to the excesses of its vigilantes. Some of their methods, initially rejected by the government, have today become standard practice of the organs of security.

"The premier sees the dissenters as enemies of the people, and Arab temptations of peace are dismissed as satanic verses."

The stern measures which the government feels bound to take against rioters and demonstrators in the territories are directed by a minister from the ranks of Labour. They are corroding not only the ideological and moral integrity of his party, but the country's democratic fundaments. The grey areas, to use a term of the chief-of-staff, between law and lawlessness are expanding. Violence, spreading from the territories, begins to penetrate the blood-stream of the nation, similar to the drugs when they became easily available in the wake of the war in Lehanon.

The ultimate aim of Shamir's policy and the supreme article of his faith is the establishment of Israeli sovereignty over the Whole Land of Israel from the sea to the river. The more he feels challenged in the attainment of this goal, the stronger he pronounces his unwavering adherence to it. In a recent interview with Arnaud de Borchgrave, the editor of The Washington Times, he declared: "The Middle East dispute is about the whole of Eretz Yisrael. It belongs to us. It is nonsense to talk about a territorial solution in such a small territorial area." Doubters of the firmness of his commitment are reminded that Shamir's intransigence is convictional unlike Rahin's obstinacy which is con-

At home, the prime minister does not shy away from fierce confrontation with his opponents; hut ahroad, he tries to avoid frontal clashes hy prevaricatioo and procrastination. At home, he hurls his nyets like thunderbolts, abroad he sounds them sotte voce. Marking time is the hall-mark of Shamir's diplomacy. It is designed to fortify his positions and to erode those of his adver-

Who says that Israel's foreign policy lacks mobility? Io one

week alone in the month of dined in Paris with the president of France, the foreign minister counterpart and the president mourned in Tokyo the departed emperor. The spring season is fully booked with roving diplomacy. It will reach its peak in Washington in April.

No doubt the inteosity of this diplomatic mobility is generated by the dynamics of the uprising. It is inconceivable that the prime minister, despite his nonchalant dismissal of the intifada as a passing nuisance, is not aware of its worldwide repercussions. He surely realises that the road to formal annexation of the territories is strewn with formidable obstacles. Arafat professed his endorsement of resolution 242 and willingness to live in peace

with the state of Israel. The United States has engaged in a dialogue, hesitant hut continuing, with the PLO. Washingtoo expects Israel to come forward with positive ideas meant to reduce the pressures in the territonies and to restart the peace process. Moscow dangles the carrot of renewed relations for cooperation with its peace programme. The European Community appears united in its appreciation of Arafat's moves.

The prime minister, unable to take the obstacles by direct assault, tries to hypass them by a custom-tailored version of the Camp David Accord. His plan means to substitute the limited transitional period of full Palestinian autonomy with a permanent regime of Israel-controlled, restricted Palestinian self-administration of indefinite duration.

Fehruary the prime minister ground that Arafat's proclaimed mtentions should be put to the test of negotiatioo; that the unriswrangled in Cairo with his Soviet ing cannot be suppressed by sheer force but only be terminated by political means. The public becomes increasingly aware of the relationship between the economic slowdown and the flareup in the territories. Moreover, the

moral predicament caused by the measures applied to subdue the mtifada begins to disquieten an ever-growing sector of the population which until now has been rather unresponsive to the moral challenge. The prime minister, animated

by his party's latest election success, onimpressed by the supplications of its coalition partner, irritated by the unending uprising and bewildered by Israel's growing international difficulties, is sliding towards autocratie rule. Friend and foe have to realise, he proclaimed recently, that "if they want to solve the Middle East dispute they have to talk to the Likud prime minister." Coalition or no coalitioo, Sha-

mir has managed to carry out a not-exactly-frieodly takeover, while his Labour partner was occupied with bailing out its debt-ridden affiliates. "L'état c'est moi," is the prime minister's new motto, raisons d'état its motivating force whose supreme arbiter Shamir intends to be.

His opponents will he hranded as defectors, the media be muzzled and his Labour partner muffled to a degree of complete uniotelligibility. These are the prospects of Israel's democracy if its supporters falter in the defence of our liberties and values. The striving for the rule over the

lead to a regime of total rule over the people of Israel perverting its free humanistic society and keeping the country embroiled in permanent war.

In such circumstances, what does the future hold in store for the Palestinians? Some nine years ago, this writer speculated on this question in an article in The Jerusalem Post, "Side by side with a rational search for a solution of the Palestinian problem there exists in the country an

"The striving for the rule over the totality of the Land of Israel may lead to a regime of total rule over the people of Israel, perverting its free humanistic society and keeping the country embroiled in permanent

irrational approach to the problem. Its supporters, mired in mysticism and militancy, seem to believe that a cataclysmic event would relieve Israel of the Palestinian issue. Indeed it may, but in the same way as Samson solved his predicament when he buried himself in the ruins of the house he had brought down over the heads of the Philistines. Nothing is more dangerous to humanity than unbridled obses-

sion running wild." Developments over the last nine years seem to warrant the validity of the foreboding. Suffice it to remember what the court proceedings against the members of the so-called Jewish underground revealed. Since then the idea of deportation has become institutionalised in the Knesset.

Prime Minister Shamir alludes to the subject in his own way. In a recent statement he declared: "Were the dispute only between Israel and the Palestinians, it would have been over a long time ago, because they are not a very hard nut to crack."

What, then, retards the "cracking of the mut?" "It is," in the prime minister's view, "the refusal of the Arah World and its armies to accept Israel's exist-

The Arabs want war, Israel will defeat them and the Palestinian malady will be cured, presumably hy Gandhi's prescription. This is

enmity is irreconcilable and military force the sole arbiter of the destiny of nations; where rejection prevails over acceptance and time stands still.

But is this the real world? The world of the approaching 21st century where the ice of deepfrozen conflicts begins to melt; where the superpowers are moving away from confrontation towards cooperation; where international conflicts increasingly are being settled at the conference table and not on the battlefield; where the world community recognises self-preservation and selfdetermination as inalienable rights of people?

The misreading of the political, psychological, economical, moral, demographic and strategic map of the eootemporary world is fraught with disaster. Sharon's misinterpretation of Secretary Haig's benevolent nod in May 1982 as endorsement of his harebrained schemes in Lebaoon, vanished abruptly when an en-raged President Reagan phoned Prime Minister Begin in August to cease immediately the heavy bomhing of Beirut, of which the minister of defence had omitted to inform his prime minister. This was the turning point of Israel's misfortunes in Lebanon and the beginning of Begin's political de-

Similarly, a misreading of Washington's present attitude of "playing it cool" may produce a rude awakening ali around, when the new administration has warmed up for action, realising that benign neglect will increase the dangers of a wider conflagration inherent in a situation of unahated violence.

The supreme duty of government is to envision the consequences of its policies and actions. Shamir's course of negation, stagnation and isolation will neither advance his designs for the whole of the Land of Israel nor secure the future of the State of Israel. No state in the world can provide alone its needs of security, growth, peace and well being of its people.

But, above all, Israelis and Palestinians, sharing the same land, must realise that they canoot ensure their own separate national existence hy perpetual combat but only by a bold act of conciliation and mutual concessioo. The time is ripe to try it.

The writer is former directorgeneral of the Israeli foreign the world according to Prime ministry. The article is reprioted Minister Shamir: a world where from the Jerusalem Post.

Doctoral thesis uncovers widespread nepotism in Brazil

TURN THAT THINGOF! ITS INCITING A RIOT!!

By Jorge Mederos The Associated Press

BRASILIA, Brazil - For her doctoral thesis in political science, Maria Aparecida de Oliveira did some research into government nepotism. What she turned up became a front-page, nationwide scandal.

At a time when President Jose Sarney pledged to lay off 90,000 government functionaries as part of a drastic plan to halt 1,000 per cent-plus annual ioflation, Ms. Oliveira said she discovered that nearly half the 560 members of Brazil's two-house congress have relatives — lots of them — in soft, high-paying federal jobs.

She said senators and representatives employ wives, sons, daughters, brothers, sisters, nephews and nieces as "advisers." They make the equivalent of \$2,000 to \$4,000 a month in a country where the governmentset minimum wage is \$64 a

The 37-year-old graduate stu-dent at the National University of Brasilia, who also works as a fact checker in Brasilia for the Rio de Janeiro newspaper Journal do Brasil, released her findings to the press before submitting her thesis to her professors.

Her revelations brought outcries for a cleanup. They also resulted in angry warnings from some congressional staffers to Ms. Oliveira to keep her nose out of their affairs.

"This was not a cheap trick to sell newspapers or, as some peo-ple have charged, to provoke a military takeover of congress,' Ms. Oliveira said in an interview. "I did it in the interest of Brazilian national sovereignty."

Civilian government returned to Brazil in 1985 after 21 years of military rule. Officials promised an idealistic "new republic," but the new administration has been plagued by constant denunciations of corruption and waste.

"Unfortunately, our new democracy is confined to paper," Ms. Oliveira said. "It has not reached people's consciences."

She said she gathered data for her study "from the congressional payroll, with help from secators and representatives who do not practice nepotism." She concluded the practice exists across the political spectrum, from right

In the house of representatives,

members employ 279 relatives. Representative Pedro Ceolin Sohrinho, of the conservative Liberal Front Party, is the leader with 10 family members on his

Representative Jose Mauricio Linhares Barreto, of the leftleaning Democratic Labour Party, put his 14-year-old soo io an advisory post at \$1,176 a month, the study said. It also counted 32 of the 75

senators as being nepotistie, led hy Sen. Humberto Lucena. The former senate presideot, from Sarney's centrist Brazilian Democratic Movement Party, has four children, a hrother, a son-in-law, a niece and a sister-in-law on his

payroll. cated.
"My conscience is clear," Senators and representatives
Lucena said. "We are talking may legally hire "advisers." Conments,' permitted by law. My taxpayer expense, cars and driv-relatives serving in these posts ers, apartments in Brasilia, free

will work only as long as I am in mail and telephone use, and free office. They will not become permaoent coogressional staff members.

"I hired my son-in-law, now divorced from one of my daughters, as a technical adviser, not because of our relationship hut because of his high competence. My hrother Solon was hired by another secator, not by me."

Another star of nepotism, Ms. Oliveira said, is the president's daughter, Roseana Sarney, who ioined the staff of congress when her father was a senator. She now makes the equivalent of \$4,000 a mooth while living in Rio de Janeiro, 1,200 kilometres from Brasilia, where congress is lo-

about 'confidential appoint-, gress members also are given, at

plane tickets to and from their home states.

"What's immoral is the nepotism," said Ms. Oliveira, who has degrees in economics, agronomy and journalism. Adilson Ahreu Dallari, a judge and the author of the book "The

Civil Servant," said in an interview that administrative corruption has become "part of Brazilian culture - everybody wants something." He said the roots of the prob-

lem go back nearly 500 years when Brazilian colonists received grants, favours and hereditary titles from kings of Portugal. Villas-Boas Correa, a widely

read political columnist, said the nepotism scandal "degrades congress and political parties and is an iovitation for a military coup. justified on ground of morality." He added that, like congress,

state legislatures and city halls throughout this nation of 144 millioo "are full of 'ghosts,' civil servants who do no work and show up only to pick up their The first secretary of the sen-

ate, Antonio Mendes Canalle, that as a result of Ms. Oliveira's findings, the senate will draw up a list to see who does what and works where. But the speaker of the house,

representative Antonio Paes de Andrade, who serves as acting president when Sarney is out of the country, said staff hiring is each legislator's "exclusive responsibility."

Soon afterward. Paes de Andrade made news when, while Samey was in Japan for Emperor Hirohito's funeral in February. he loaded two presideotial jets cronies and journalists and flew poverished northeast.



them to a welcoming ceremooy in with frieods, relatives, political his home town in Brazil's im-

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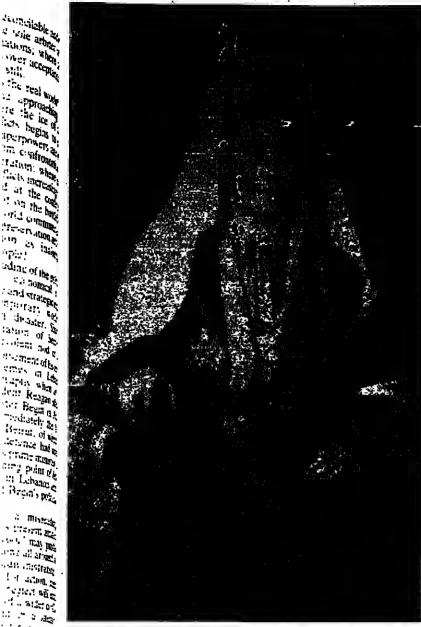
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JORDAN TIMES, TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1989 5



Bethlehem bride - early 20th Century. The bride is wearing the shatweh (Bethlehem hat) decorated with gold

Palestinian costumes

TEXTILES and embroidery have already worn down by use. Clolong played a central part in Palestinian life, and since for many centuries the land was a meeting place of different cultures, an exceptionally rich variety of styles has developed there.

In a newly published book Palestinian Costume, Jehan Rajab looks at the garments worn by three distinct groups: the Baladin, or townsfolk, who made up tbe sophisticated commercial population and were most open to foreign influences, the Fellahin or villagers, from whom came the most beautiful embroideries and the Bedu, whose embroidery and clothes were influenced by village styles but had their own individual features.

Clothes are functional articles

that have to meet the needs of working life. They are influenced by the environment and were in the past affected by the availability of natural materials. Village women wove, dyed and embroidered their clothes and sometimes those of their menfelk. Because it was worked on perishables such as clothing or housebold items, little of their craft remains that dates hack further than about the mid-nineteenth century. Until recently full use was made of every article, either until it wore out or was recycled by being turned into wiping rags

or pot holders. Silver folk jewellery was not usually passed on from mother to daughter, as is frequently the case elsewhere. Every bride received on marriage new jewellery (perhaps from old jewellery melted down) that represented

thing and textiles from the courts and towns have generally survived longer than those from the villages. Many superh early Ottoman costumes and pieces of embroidery were preserved in the Topkapi Palace in Istanhul and this collection has told researchers a good deal about changes that took place in design, colour and fahries and thus something about the social conditions of the time. This is just as applicable to folk costume, which reveals so much of the lives and circumstpopulation, Rajah notes. Folk costume reveals the cultural and

The Bedu, for example, were finely adapted to their necessarily nomadic life in a harsh environment. It was impossible for them to carry much in the way of wordly goods so their creative urges were channelled into weav-

historical features of a society and

provides evidence of its creative

ing, embroidery and poetry.

Palestine was a major crossroads of civilisation, a part of the Fertile Crescent where man had his beginnings and a holy place for three religions. Accordingly, it was subject to the inflnence of many civilisations as well as to invasion from all quarters.

These factors probably contribute to the diversity of costume which emerged over the years. Greek, Roman, Egyptian, Crusader and Turk all passed through the country, with each group leaving something of itself behind. The influence of the invader can be seen, for example, in her financial security, which was why it needed to be new, not those East European countries

gious and other beliefs also played their part.

garments were loose and flowing and the religion encouraged a continuation of that style. Islam laid emphasis on modesty of behaviour for both men and women. Aside from being suit-

BOOK REVIEW

ances of the majority of the able for frequently harsh climatic condinons, such garments did not reveal tno much of the figure so preserving decorum in appearance and conduct.

As the author points out, young Palestinian girls began to learn their stitches between the ages of six and ten years old. After the day's work bad been done but while the light was still good, the women would gather outside their donrways to sit and talk and work on their embroidery and help the small girls with their first stitches. They

which came under Ottoman were expected by the time of domination. The climate, reli- their wedding to have finished their bridal dress, cushion covers and other household items for Before the advent of Islam the their new home. Indeed, a basic outlines of Middle Eastern prospective bride was assessed not only on her general character. health and looks hut her embroidery was also examined and commented on, for its execution was considered a good indication of her personality. Embroidery has persisted among the Palestinians to the present day, although many of the old motifs and patterns have long since ceased to be used, with

many probably lost permanently. In her book, which boasts a wealth of Palestinian photo-graphs and other striking illustrations, Jehan Rajab captures not only the history of Palestinian costume hut also some of the rich cultural tradition of the Palestine region. Accessories, hairstyles, jewellery, superstitions, special festivals and stories from regional centres where weaving and dyeing were carried out - all are interwoven into her fascinating text. — Middle East Magazine.

Palestinian Costume by Jehan Rajab. Published by Keegan Paul International Ltd, P.O. Box 256, London WC1B 3SW.

The new government in Jamaica is carrying

forward the campaign begun by the pre-

vious government to clean-up the buses.



Woman from Sinai area (modern).

and silver coins. The original cosmic spark

The search for a new structural form of matter will now receive further support in the form of one of the Promotion Prizes awarded by the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (German Research Association) under the aegls of their Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz Programme. The prizes represent a sum of DM 3 million and are expected to be used for further research. The most fascinating "application" of this search for the mysterious "quark matter" is the fact that the basic spark of the universe could flare up during the fusion of atomic nuclei.

LEUKIPPOS, the pre-Christian Greek natural philosopher, who on the basis of simple thought European Laboratory for Particle processes stumbled upon the concept of an atomistic structure of elemental components of the all matter, would probably be world: quarks. In the final analy-amazed at the lavish measures sis the components of the atomic being undertaken in the 20th century to track down matter's very last indivisible components. Using fantastically expensive machinery research centres throughout the world continue to break down the proton and the neutron, the two components of the atomic nucleus, or as a prizewinning research group headed by Professor Reinhard Stock, a nuclear physicist from Frankfurt, did reassemble them. "The cost of our experiments is somewhere in the middle of the cost scale between very, very expensive for those in high-energy physics and considerably cheaper for those in nuclear physics. The experiment we are currently doing at CERN would cost about DM 20 million if we had to start from scratch," maintains Stock, adding that "it has kept 59 physicists busy for a

period of eight years. What has prompted physicists from all over the world to join forces for several years now in the joint project "NA 35" at the European Laboratory for Particle nucleus proton and neutron consist of them. The quarks, however, are "stuck together" in the atomic components like Siamese triplets due to one of the four basic physical forces, the "strong They do not occur in a force. free state in nature. Stock and his group want to make the quarks embedded in this strong force "glue" somewhat more mobile by packing them closer together than they normally are in an atomic nucleus. If they succeed, they will have achieved a new constitutional structure in which "the quarks float around freely, as in a gas. We want to unleash them in great volume and see what qualities they turn up." It at all, this quark matter can only form at inconceivably high temperatures; the researchers will have to heat up the atomic

this new state of matter can only be generated using the brute force of particle projectiles, the researchers require the high energy accelerator at CERN. Currently they are shorting sulfurous atomic nuclei at gold foil. When a sulfur ion collides with a gold ion, 228 protons and neutrons fuse and are pressed together to form and 24 zeros.

Only the elementary particle bursts, which occur in hundreds during this mini-explosion, become visible experimentally. Their traces can be visualised in a "streamer chamber" specially designed for this purpose and then captured on 70-mm film. The type and quantity of the fragments that occur during the bursting of the fireball provide information about the processes

In this context, the researchers are primarily interested in obtaining a better understanding of the strong force which 'holds the quarks together' and thus according to Stock "the whole of the inner world." However, there is another motive at the back of this Faustian curiosity; that is, how unresolved questions about the creation of the universe should be tackled. On the one hand, it is assumed that neutron stars or the remains of super-nova

explosions consist of highly dense nnclear matter, which may even form quark plasma. On the other hand, cosmologists investigating the origins of the universe assume that quark plasma could be the basic form of all matter existing at the beginning of the universe in the Big Bang. "In the beginning," Stock states, "this quark more than double the density. A matter condensed into small tiny fireball forms which im- drops. These drops are the promediately splits apart again. This tons and neutrons, which our takes no longer than nuclei mov- present universe consists of "A ing almost at the speed of light "study of the transition from quark need to pierce each other: that is,—matter to protons and neutrons the fraction of a second with a on a laboratory scale could theredenominator comprised of one fore help clarify some of the cosmological questions that have not vet been answered.

For the time being, though, the experts are not even sure that this quark matter has even shown up in the experiments conducted so far. The initial evaluation has not produced anything more than encouraging indications to the effect that it really does form. This, however, is not surprising since the theories held have no irrefutable criteria to offer for the existence of quark plasma, as Stock freely admits. Furthermore, thousands of photos taken in the measuring chamber still await tedious evaluation by research assistants. The automation of this work is the next point on the programme. This is why the prize money awarded by the Deutsche Forschungsmeinschaft has come at the right time for Stock. "The Leibniz Prize is a wonderful present. It will allow me to plan more flexibly and unhureaucraThere is a crackdown on smoking, eating, drinking and playing music loudly.

Jamaica — cleaning up

Service (JOS). KINGSTON, Jamaica -Jamaica's chaotic public transport service may at last be getting a

At the end of last year the government slapped a han on smoking, eating and drinking on the "minibuses" that roar and jostle their way through Kingston. It has also harred drivers some crews.

from playing loud music. The new Transport Minister. Bohhy Pickersgill, has endorsed a crackdown.

By Valerie Yearwood

'He has warned drivers and hus-owners that the People's National Party (PNP), which won the Feb. 9 general election, will not tolerate the return of music to the over-crowded huses.

ple first," he said, recalling the PNP's new campaign slogan. "But that does not mean that they should break the law of the society, and this government will not allow that to happen." Under the new regulations, hus

operators will also have to issue tickets to paying passengers, driv-ers must keep a logbook, and route and time-table information must be prominently displayed. It has taken more than a de-

cade for the Transport Ministry to put the brakes on the roughand-tumble private transport It was in the mid-1970s that the "minibuses" — which, despite

their name, can comfortably seat

as many as 28 people and accommodate a dozen standing hegan to encroach on the routes plied by state buses.

They came fully into their own when the previous Edward

Seaga government closed the loss-making Jamaica Omnibus

JOS routes were franchised to private operators, who further sub-franchised them.

But hus operators have come under fire because of loud music, racing on the roads, a refusal to transport schoolchildren at a lower fare, and the ill manners of

Still, the government's clampdown has had a mixed reception. Several young Jamaicans have complained about the noise abatement regulation, suggesting

that those who don't like loud music should pick quieter huses. Several hus crews also say that having music on the vehicles and giving them an attractive paint

joh and accessories were part of

the lure in the highly competitive transport sector. But radio talk-show host, Neville James, agrees with the government's ruling that "all noise-making devices will have to

be removed from the huses." James complained: "Often you can hear the music before you can hear the engine of the huses.' He said the music was usually

so loud as to render conversation impossible or cause a hearing Some Jamaicans who don't like the music said they would be happy to take other huses, hut

that with the overcrowded system

there was not much freedom of

worth 12 million Jamaican dollars (nearly \$2.2) due early this year. A leader in the previous government has said that Jamaica decided to import the vehicles from Brazil because they were "made to first world specifica-

tions but sold at Third World

However, improvements are

on the way, with 50 new 45-seat

Mercedes-Benz huses from Brazil

In November, Jamaica also signed a contract to import 90 buses from India.

Other welcome news is that the accident rate has dropped by 60 per cent since the strict regulations for public transport vehicles vere introduced.

This has been welcomed hy insurance companies, some of which had threatened to withdraw coverage of public transport vehicles because of the high accident rate — Panos



Jamaican passengers wait for the promised cleaner, quieter and less crowded hus service.

Moral decline and apathy behind the iron curtain

By Michael Wise

PRAGUE — AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) is used as a metaphor for moral decay and sloth in Czechoslovakia in a new film by once-hanned filmmaker Vera Chytilova.

A splotch of blood is depicted on a poster outside the cinema in Prague's Wencesias square where "a tainted horseplay." said to he the first film in the East Bloc ertisene about AIDS, had its premiere this month. The poster describes the film as "a tragicomedy of three friends fatally threatened by AIDS.'

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For me it is a film about threat and menace," said Chytilova. The three male protagonists go through a whirl of sexual antics. ' sleeping with one anothers' girlfriends amid scenes of corruption

and intellectual dishonesty until

one comes down with the AIDS

nuclens to at least one billion

degrees Celsius in order to gener-

ate their boiling plasma. Because

'What can you do expect have fun in this corrupted jungle?" asks one of the men, voicing a resigned attitude common among many of his compatriots, who have focused on private pursuits since their hopes of political involvement were dashed by the 1968 Soviet-led invasion

Czechoslovaks have long had liheral attitudes to sex. "It used to be said that when there was a hlackout, children would he born nine months later. A certain darkness can eause many things," Chytilova said of the invasion's

impact.
"We are finding out that there is not enough space (here) for the development of personality and this leads to moral deformations," she told reporters during

an interview. "People cannot really apply their talents. Certainly one has internal freedom but it is the freedom in decision-making that's important. One should be able to decide one's own destiny.'

In "a tainted horseplay" moral decline and apathy affect much more than just the sexual realm.

Those who obey

A bookkeeper takes bribes toignore graft, a theatre director bows to censorship and a Com-munist Party candidate member, echoing party chief Milos Jakes, presses his colleagues to work harder while offering little in re-

"It's not only Mr. Jakes hut other people who say the same Chytilova, 60, said. "They've been telling us that for decades. We all know we should work harder hut we work less

because we underestimate the

meaning of work. "We don't see the results. We

see irresponsibility and we don't see people who make errors being punished. So in a sense everything is allowed, everything

Chytilova wears oversized spectacles on a face of beauty recalling her early work as a fashion model.

She was one of the most innovative figures to emerge from the so-called new wave of Czechoslovak film in the 1960s, alongside Oscar-winning Jiri Menzel and Milos Forman.

Chytilova was harred from filmmaking for six years after 1968 because her previous films were regarded as promoting the Prague spring reform movement.

Unlike Forman and other colleagues who fled to the West, Chytilova chose to stay in her homeland. Many who did were forced to repudiate their earlier

Chytilova would not recant. Since her 1976 return to the screen she has continued to make unconventional movies that challenge the way Czechoslovaks lonk at their world.

"When (in 1968) we firmly believed that what we did was important because we could influence people, change their morality through our films. We shook hands with the audiences.

"But afterwards it became determined (from above) what can and cannot be said. The real problems were considered anti-Socialist. I never agreed with that and always argued that the only good films are involved films presenting real problems."

AIDS has killed three Czechoslovaks, 115 are infected and nine are acutely ill, according to offi-

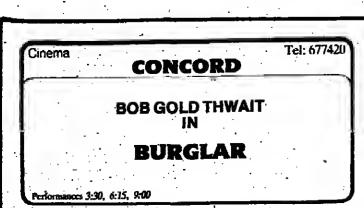
infected are homosexual or bisexual. The number of cases is expected to rise over the next few

"The problem is underestimated bere because we're not threatened by it that much yet,' said Chytilova. 'I wanted to make a warning. But I also wanted to show that the roots of the problem are somewhere

Chytilova is one of some 3,000 intellectuals and artists who signed a petition demanding the release of jailed playwright Vac-lav Havel and calling on the authorities to begin a dialogue on political reform.

She has been able to broach many of the film's broader themes because of a limited degree of openness granted by the conservative Communist leadership, which has resisted more cial figures. About half those far-reaching reforms under way.









Iraq resumes petroleum exports from southern port

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iraq has started regular exports of petroleum products from its southern port of Khor Al Zubair, the oil ministry said Monday.

. A ministry spokesman, who was not identified, said the petroleum products were surplus products from the nearby Basra . refinery.

The exports mark the first significant Iraqi oil shipments through the Gulf since the war with Iran broke out in September

Khor Al Zuhair, which was reopened after the Aug. 20 cease-fire agreement with Iran halted fighting in the Gulf war, is linked to the Khar Abdullah waterway that runs into the northern Gulf west of the Sbatt Al Arab waterway. Iraq's main outlet to the

The Basra refinery, heavily damaged during the eight-yearold Gulf war, resumed partial operations last month after re-

The refinery, which had a prewar capacity of 110,000 barrels a day, is currently producing an estimated 40,000 barrels a day. This is expected to rise to around 70.000 barrels a day soon.

The spokesman did not say what kinds of petroleum products have been exported, but they are believed to be fuel oil and lubri-

around 30,000-35,000 barrels a

The exports are carried in small shuttle tankers to the Jebel Ali storage compelx in Dubai in the southern end of the Gulf, where they will be loaded onto bigger tankers for shipment abroad.

Iraq also announced Monday that the \$150 million project to build 10 new jetties at the south-ern port of Um Qasar will be completed by July.

The Shatt Al Arab, the southern boundary between Iraq and Iran, remains closed because of a dispute between the two countries over navigation rights, a problem that has belped deadlock peace talks.

Large tankers are not able to load at Khor Al Zubair because of the shallow waters.

Iraq began irregular small-scale petroleum exports from its Gulf ports immediately after ceasefire took effect, with tankers of around 20,000 tonnes ferrying exports to Jebel Ali.

closed early in the war. That seriously impaired Iraq's vital oil

problem by building pipelines through neighbouring Turkey and Saudi Arabia. It also trucked oil exports through Jordan, to the port of Aqaba, and through Turkey.

Iragi Oil Minister Issam Al Chalabi said last month that the volume trucked overland will depend on the amount exported through the Gulf.

Respecting quota

The minister also affirmed that Iraq is strictly abiding by its OPEC production quota despite increased oil output capacity.

"We affirm our full commitment to the OPEC accord although Iraq's oil production and export capacity is steadily increasing," the United Arab Emirates newspaper Al Ittihad quoted him as saying.

Chalabi did not elaborate on the increased output capacity. OPEC (the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) gave Iraq a quota of 2.640 million barrels per day (b/d) for the first six months of 1989.

Output below ceiling

Meanwhile crude oil supply by Iraq's Gulf tanker routes were 12 of the 13 OPEC member states was below their combined quota ceiling in February, the Nicosiaexports, its economic mainstay. But Baghdad got around the Survey (MEES) said Monday. based Middle East Economic

The weekly newsletter said an OPEC committee which met in Vienna last week concluded that supply by the 12 amounted to 17.433 million b/d compared with a limit for the 12 of 17.512 mil-

The United Arah Emirates (UAE), which did not send a representative to the meeting or submit any figures, was not included in the survey, MEES said.

In November OPEC set an output ceiling of 18.5 million b/d for all 13 members for the first half of 1989.

Supply is calculated by adding domestic consumption to net export sales and stock withdrawals. The newsletter put total OPEC supply during the month at 18.938 million b/d after adding its own estimate of 1.5 million b/d

The UAE quota is 988,000 b/d. The figures are well below estimates for total OPEC output in February made by major oil com-panies. A Reuters survey for the mouth put total OPEC output at 19.65 million b/d.

Of the 12 states in the OPEC survey, only Ecuador was well over its quota of 230,000 b/d with output put at 290,000. MEES

Saudi Arabia, OPEC's biggest producer, was right on quota at 4.524 million b/d.

China premier admits mistakes in reforms, promises austerity

PEKING (R) — Premier Li Peng opened the annual session of parliament Monday, admitting mistakes in China's reform programme and promising several years of austerity to correct them.

But his unusually frank remarks went unheard by the architect of the 10-year-old reforms, 84-year-old senior leader Deng Xiaoping, who did not attend the meeting.

"We... had sbortcomings and mistakes in our guidance," Li said. "Generally there was a tendency to be too impatient for quick results in economic and social development.

Hall of the People in the beart of

munist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, sat on the podium, occasionally marking his copy of the premier's Zhao has come under criticism for his handling of the economy.

An austerity programme was ised tougher controls on prices mic and trade ties.

Li spoke to nearly 3,000 dele- imposed last September to cut and tighter credit to halt official gates to the National People's government spending and cool Congress in the cavernous Great the overbeated economy but inflation still reached 18.5 per cent and soared to more than 30 per cent in cities. Deng's right-hand man, Com-

Li said the austerity policy, which he has spearheaded, was correct but results so far fell "far short of the goal of improvement and rectification,

"Both government and people should be mentally prepared for a taking the blame for bank runs. few years of austerity," he said. panic buying and the worst infla-The 60-year-old leader, a tion since the communists seized Soviet trained technocrat, prom-

Diplomats called the prescription "a complete absence of new reform direction."

overspending.

The theme was more control. more regulation," said a Western diplomat, though an East European envoy described it more

charitably as realistic.
Li called for a continued opening to the West, a key part of the reform programme, underscoring the need for foreign capital and technology and praising an im-provement in Sino-U.S. econo-

Mexican government to retain oil sector

MEXICO CITY (Agencies) — Mexico has no intention of relinquishing state control over the country's oil industry, which in 1988 provided almost half the government's total income, President Carlos Salinas De Gortari

has said. The government "will maintain not only the property but also the 'control of this strategic industry,' Salinas said in a ceremony marking the 51st anniversary of the expropriation of the Mexicati . oil industry.

Salinas's remarks were an apparent bid to refute reports that his government was planning to privatise parts of state oil firm Petroleos Mexicanos (Pemex) following the dramatic arrest of the leaders of the country's powerful oil workers union in

"Petroleos Mexicanos is the nation's and will continue to be in order that it always serve the

people of Mexico," Salinas said. Mexico, the world's fourth largest oil exporter, continues to rely heavily on petroleum to finance government operations, despite recent efforts to diversify the country's economy in the wake of falling international oil

Pemex Director-General Francisco Rojas said the company provided 46 per cent of the government's total income in 1988.

Union leader Joaquin Hernandez Galicia has said his arrest with more than 40 other union officials in January on arms stockpiling and murder charges was caused by his objections to what be said were Salinas government plans to break up Pemex.

Pemex has said that Mexico's petroleum reserves dropped by two per cent over the past year as

ged behind production.

Reserves also declined after Mexico decided not to open new oilfields to producton because of low world market prices, Pemex said in its annual report.

Pemex placed Mexico's total liquid hydrocarbon reserves. which include crude oil and condensates, at 67.6 billion barrels as

Crude oil production remained steady at an average of 2.506 million barrels a day, the maximum allowed under Mexico's fuel conservation laws. Natural' gas production also beld steady at 3.478 million cubic feet daily over the 12-month periods the report

Exports of crude averaged 1.307 million barrels per day and \$12.24 a barrel, netting \$5.855 billion and accounting for about one-third of Mexico's total export exploration for new oilfields lag-

Mexico exported oil to 20 countries, nearly half the crude sold abroad went to the United States, making Mexico that country's sixth-largest supplier.

In addition to its traditional heavy Maya and light Isthmus grades. Mexico began exporting small quantities of an extra-light crude called Olmeca, high-octane gasoline and other refined products in 1988, the report said. Pemex netted a profit of \$3.885

billion on its foreign sales over the year, the report said. Pemex drilled 33 exploratory and 111 development wells, 87 of

which were productive. But in-stead of pushing for new fields, the monopoly concentrated on an industrialisation programme, the report said.

Production of 46 petrochemicals increased by 12 per cent, to 15.462 million tons, it said.

claimed, is due to the govern-

ment's concentration on military

buildup at the expense of other

defence, and the parliamentary

Guard Corps account for more

tban \$8.5 billion, more than

seven per cent of the total

budget, the report claimed,

sectors of the economy destroyed

approved the state-run central bank to borrow up to \$1 billion to

be spent on power generation

provided that repayment of the

loan does not exceed \$150 million

annually, Tehran radio reported

The report did not specify who

the bank could borrow from, but

due to the emphasis on favour-

believed that the money will be

On Saturday, parliament

by the war.

earlier.

sought abroad.

Allocations to the ministry of

sectors of the economy.

Fresh whiff of inflation sends stocks down around the world

inflation sent world stock markets prices are also stoking concern further into decline Monday as investors sold shares in readiness to take quick advantage of any new interest rates rises, dealers said. (See world stock markets

On Friday, Wall Street dived nearly 50 points after Washington said U.S. wholesale prices rose one per cent in February, the same as in January and almost double what economists had expected

A further rise in U.S. inflation

about inflation.

funds rate up," he added.

Higher interest rates invariably

"The U.S. poses the biggest threat to (share) prices at the moment," said one London share

"If consumer prices leap then we could be back in the realm of higher international interest rates, particularly if the Fed (Federal Reserve) moves the Fed

lure funds from stocks and into interest-bearing accounts. It was on top of Friday's wholesale price higher interest rates 17 months data could joit the markets by ago which contributed to the paving the way for tighter credit flight out of shares that became

LONDON (R) - A whiff of in the United States. Higher oil known as the "Crash of 87." Share analysts, however, were quick to rule out any resemblance tween current share weakness

and the events of so-called "black Monday" when stock markets collapsed. The spotlight was on how United States markets would perform, dealers said. Tokyo unsettled Europe with a 366.21-point

fall in the Nikkei average to

31,654.80 points. Tokyo is closed

on Tuesday for the spring

Equinox holiday. The market assumption is that inflation will prompt higher U.S. interest rates boosting the dollar. But some traders say concern over the costs of supporting U.S. and worries about provoking a recession could mean a delayed Fed reaction.

"The dollar is still pretty strong but there is a feeling it's a bit overbought," said Brad Biggadike, chief spot dealer at Nomura International Bank in London.

The likelihood major central banks would meet any dollar rally with concerted intervention was an additional incentive to take some profits from last week's bull run, traders said.

Gold firmed in farity quiet business. Often hullion benefits from inflation fears as investors

Argentina declares debt 'unpayable'

BUENOS AIRES (AP) -Argentina's foreign debt is "abso-lutely unpayable" and the country won't even try to reduce its back payments until after national elections May 11, central bank president Jose Luis Machinea

"We made a payment of \$270 million during the last four months of 1988," Machinea said in an interview published Sunday by the newspaper "Pagina 12."

"That was the last that we paid, and we're not able to pay anything more until after the elec-tions," he said. "After the election, whoever is elected will have to discuss a common strategy,

with creditor-banks. Argentina's nearly \$59 billion debt is third-highest among developing countries. Its payments on the principal amounts of the loans has been deferred, but it

owes \$6 billion in interest this The country currently owes tion in October 1983, the country

\$2.5 billion in back interest payments to commercial banks. Machinea told the newspaper. The level of foreign reserves in the South American country's central bank is rarely disclosed officially. Private bankers estimate the level at about \$2 billion.

"The debt is absolutely unpayable, both the interest and the capital," Machinea said in an interview conducted while he was in Sao Paolo, Brazil, to participate in a seminar called, "Foreign Debt and the Development of Latin America."

Argentina's policy under President Raul Alfonish has been to pay one-half of the interest it owes from the country's balance of trade surplus, and borrow more money to pay the rest. Interest payments owed this year amount to almost twice the projected \$3.5 billion trade surplus. At the time of Alfonsin's electhe approximately \$16 billion debt taken on since then has gone capital.

The government late last year, arrange new loans. received a \$1.2 billion loan from the World Bank, but failed to persuade commercial banks to provide \$3 billion in new loans, or the International Monetary Fund to provide \$1.25 billion.

Part of the World Bank funds have been held up because the country failed to meet economicsusterity targets such as reducing its budget deficit and reforming banking regulations to reduce deficits at the central bank.

Alfonsin has complained publidy and bitterly as interest rates have soared. He indicated in a recent speech that the central banks provided fresb loans. Last week, Argentina came

the long run could bolster the

falling private saving rate.'

as "value impaired" by the credit risk committee of the U.S. Federto pay interest rather than into al Reserve Board. That classificainvestment designed to generate tion would have made it even more difficult for the country to

> Creditor banks privately have accepted the government's position that it cannot make debt payments until after the election. and won't penalise Argentina, Machinea said in the newspaper

interview. The issue has come up in the campaigns for president, but neither the ruling Radical Civic Union nor the opposition Peronist Party has made it a central

Both would like a grace period of several years during which neither interest nor principal bank would not clear up its back would be paid. Both bave deinterest payments until creditor clared they would not unilaterally implement a moratorium on such

Study finds low savings rate biggest U.S. economic problem

alarming decline in the national savings rate is the biggest economic problem facing the United population to ages above 16, States and the chief cause of its when spending is higher, and the huge trade deficits, according a private report.

The report, by the private American Business Conference, said that while the government's huge budget deficits have contributed to the problem, the decline primarily has been caused by high consumption by individuals.

"This overconsumption is financed through large-scale sales of U.S. assets to foreigners at unfavourable terms, a process that postpones the day of reckoning but that increasingly mortgages the U.S. economic future," the report said.

It said the decline in national savings also heightens the risk of recession and ultimately leads to slower growth in the standard of living. Overall, national savings - the

difference between the nation's output in goods and services and what is consumed by government, and individuals — fell from 7.9 per cent in the 1970s to 2.1 per cent during 1985-87, the study

Over the same period, individuals' consumption of goods and services rose from 69.3 per cent of national income to 74.1 per cent.

The increase in personal con-

WASHINGTON (AP) — An rise in household wealth that ex- and issuing 'supersaver' bonds to said the federal tax structure ceeded the increase in national wealth, the maturing of the spending of equity that was converted to cash in corporate takeovers and buyouts. Federal Reserve Bank of Bos-

ton Chairman George Hotsopoulos, lead author of the report, noted that even sophisticated managers will increase their spending after receiving a hefty bonus and then find themselves in a cash-flow bind and have to borrow to make ends meet" if there is not a comparable bonus the next year. The report said the tendency to

spend what is on hand is highlighted when people receive unexpected lumps of cash from their stock investments when they are paid premiums in the course of corporate buyouts. The report's authors said ac-

tion on three fronts is necessary to boost the national savings rate from a low point that is unprecedented for a period of economic expansion, not only for the United States but for all industrialised countries: - Reducing the federal deficit.

Cutting government spending on goods and services is the most direct approach, although raising taxes and thus lowering private consumption would help to a lesser degree, the report said.

- Improved incentives for prisumption was attributed largely vate saving. The report said a to growth in disposable income, a campaign "to promote savings

corporate buyouts. The report ders. AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

encourage households to save for should be revised to eliminate

.- Eliminating incentives for higher cash payouts to sharebol-

Monday, March 20, 1989 Central Bank official rates

French franc 84.7
Japanese yen (for 100) 407.7
Dutch guilder 254.2
Swedish crown 84.0
Italian lira (for 100) 39.1
Belgian franc (for 10) 137.0 538.0 542.0 920.8 929.3 286.7 289.5 332.8 336.3 Swiss franc

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

1.8745/52 2.1150/60 1.6150/60 39.24/27 6.3450/500 1375/1376

One U.S. dollar

One ounce of gold

sentiment, brokers said.

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen

U.S. dollar

Iranian parliament approves \$140b budget

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — The Iranian parliament Monday ratified a \$140 billion budget on the last day of the Iranian calendar, Tehran radio reported.

The radio, monitored in Nico-

sia, said that the budget was

approved by parliament and rati-

fied by the Guardian Council which vets all parliamentary bills to determine whether they comply with Islam and the constitu-The Guardian Council made some amendments to the budget and dropped other items from the

ply, the radio said. It did not detail changes.

Approval followed twelve days of lengthy debates. Earlier this month the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA),

also monitored in Nicosia, re-

ported that a \$123.7 billion

budget because they did not com-

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budget had been "approved in principle" by the parliament. But no explanation was given either by the radio or IRNA about the \$17 billion increase in the budget announced Monday.

A newspaper report published in January by the Farsi language Resalat Daily revealed a secret amendment contained in the budget, but gave no details about what the amendment was.

However, the report denounced the country's domestic fall of \$16 billion. debt, blaming it for the country's soaring inflation and for cash flow problems in the private sector. The Mujahedeen Khalq (People's Holy Warriors), the largest

Iranian opposition group, claimed in a report telexed from its headquarters in Baghdad that it had obtained a copy of the confidential budget bill. According to the report, gov-

ernment expenditures far outweigh revenues.

The resistance group said the budget anticipated a total revenue of \$45 billion in the coming year, while expenditure is plan-

ned at \$61 billion, leaving a short-The report said that if domestic

almost doubles to \$35 billion.

adding that these figures do not represent the total allocations to defence. Following the Aug. 20 ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war, Tebran borrowing from the central bank has been claiming that its prioriis taken into account, the deficit ties lie in reconstruction of vast

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Japan turns in best performance in 15 years

TOKYO (R) - Japan turned in its best economic performance in 15 years in 1988 as the economy registered robust 5.7 per cent growth, the government has said.

Strong domestic demand powered the economy ahead last year as consumers and companies went on a spending spree, Economic Planning Agency officials told reporters. In 1987, the eco-

nomy grew 4.5 per cent.
"1988 was a good year," said Takao Akabane, the agency's vice minister. "And it was achieved because of domesticdemand 'led growth.'

That is good news for Japan's trading partners, who have been pressing it to shift the engine of able terms of borrowing, it is its economic growth away from exports toward domestic de-

Despite the rapid growth last year, inflattion remained sub-dued. As measured by the gross national product (GNP) deflator, inflation was a mere 0.4 per cent. In 1987, prices fell 0.2 per cent.

ance in the final three months of 1988 was not as stellar as it was earlier in the year. The economy grew at an annual-ised clip of three per cent in the final quarter of 1988, after roar-

But the economy's perform-

ing ahead at a 9.5 per cent rate in the previous three months. The slowdown occurred as consumers dramatically cut back on their spending in the final

quarter. Consumers may have been reluctant to splash out a lot of money on goods and lavish parties while Emperor Hirohito was on his death bed, Japanese officials said. Hirohito, 87, died Jan. after a lengthy illness.

Despite the slowdown in the

fourth quarter, Japanese officials

said they remain optimistic about the economic ontlook. Consumption is likely to pick up in the current quarter, Aka-

bane said. He added that he expects the Japanese trade surplus to continue to fall, despite a recent pick-up in exports.

incentives for corporate debt and

thus reduce the trend toward

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on

131.75/85 6.4000/50 6.8070/120

7.3070/120

395.00/395.50

1.1940/50

Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY — Overseas buying helped the markets to stabilise after a morning plunge of almost 15 points. Fears of an interest rate rise in Japan diminished and the All Ordinaries Index closed 12.1 points down at 1,484.2.

TOKYO — The Nikkei Index plunged 366.21 points — the biggest one-day drop this year — to close at 31,654.80 after Friday's dive on Wall Street. HONG KONG — The Hang Seng Index fell 90.21 points to 3.046.73. Inflationary worries continued to cast a pall over

SINGAPORE — The Straits Times Industrial Index lost 16.16 points to 1,171.37 before a computer fault brought trading to a BOMBAY - Share prices fell on a broad front in active trading

affected by end-of-account considerations, brokers said. The market will remain closed Wednesday for a Hindu festival. FRANKFURT — German share prices receovered slightly from their opening lows on the Frankfurt bourse but closed sharply below Friday's leavels. The Real-Time Dax Index closed 19.33

lower at 1,303,36. ZURICH - Swiss share prices closed lower across the board in moderate trading following Wall Street's sharp losses Friday. The All Share Swiss Index fell 17.4 to 1,494:9.

PARIS - French share prices ended easier after a day of thin trading within a narrow price range but were above the lows plumbed at the session's start. The 50-share price indicator closeddown 0.79 pct being off 1.17 pct. LONDON - Equities stood near their lows in late trade with the much as expected easier opening on Wall Street failing to have much impact on sentiment. By 1530 GMT, the ftse 100 was down

NEW YORK - Wall Street stocks remained steady at moderately

lower levels as selling from Friday let up. However, traders said a continuing rise in T-bill rates discouraged buying. The Dow fell 15

The shortfall, the report YOUNG MALE AND FEMALE WITH

Hala English language magazine requires the services of well experienced male and lemale actors in English to help record radio serials in their free time • preferably those whose English is their native tongue.

TO LET

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NBA rookies more broken than made

National Basketball Association's rookie class of 1988-89 will be remembered more for breaking down than breaking in.

No. 1 pick Danny Manning averaged 16.7 points in 26 games for the Los Angeles Clippers before suffering a serious knee injury. He is among four Olym-pians, all first-round draft choices, who have missed significant playing time with illness and injuries this year.

Milwaukee's Jeff Grayer, Dan Majerle of Phoenix and Charles Smith of the Clippers also have been on the injury list for much of the season, while Charlotte's Rex Chapman and Sylvester Gray of Miami have spent significant time on the sidelines as well.

But the long list of casualties has not left the NBA devoid of new talent, including some virtual unknowns before the season.

The star of the group is yet another Olympian, Mitch Rich-mond, a key factor in the Golden State Warriors' quick turnaround from doormats to strong playoff contenders.

With a 20.8 scoring average, Richmond could become the first rookie of the year to come from a winning team since Buck Williams of the New Jersey Nets, who were 44-38 when he won the award in 1982.

In fact, only three of the 15 players on the all-Rookie teams the last three years came from winning teams. They were Derrick Mckey with Seattle last season. Roy Tarpley of Dallas in 1986-87 and Joe Dumars of Detroit in 1985-86.

We knew Mitch had star potential when we drafted him (fifth in the first round)", War-

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

Both vulnerable, North deals.

AKJ62

SOUTH A A K Q 7 A 9 2

EAST

2 NT

Opening lead: Jack of A In an attempt to make his coo-

tract oo today's hand, declarer

chose a oor unreasonable line. He

would have earned our sympathy

for going down, were it not for the

fact that he had a sure-trick lice

South had plenty in reserve for

his jump to two no trump, but it was

not a bid we would have chosen!

With so many prime cards, South

should have first probed for a dia-

mond fit because there could easily

THE BETTER HALF,

↑ 75 ♥ J864

OAQS

Q 10 9 7

West

NORTH

★ J 10 9 8 6 ♥ Q 10 3 ♦ 6 4 3 ★ 5 4

The bidding:

North East

3 NT Pass

available.

GOREN BRIDGE

TOO OBVIOUS TO SEE

NEW YORK (AP) - The "Bnt we've been surprised that he's been so good so early in his career. The hest thing I can say about Mitch is that be knows he still has a lot to learn. He is the kind of player who will try to

improve as his career continues." Richmond is an outstanding rookie," added former Portland coach Mike Schuler. "When (Nelson) says he's like Sidney Moncrief, no higher compliment can be paid."

While most of the rookies getting significant playing time logically come from weak teams, a few first-year players are joining Richmond in doing well for winning clubs.

Chief among these is Phi-ladelphia's Hersey Hawkins, who has shored up the woefully weak shooting guard position for the 76ers, averaging 15.4.

Rod Strickland quickly established himself as Mark Jackson's backup at point guard for the Atlantic division-leading New York Knicks. It's a role that gives him limited playing time, but he has made the most of it, averaging 28 points and 11 assists per 48

"Rod has the quickest hands I've seen on the press in a long time," Knicks coach Rick Pitino said. "He reminds me of Michael Jordan the way he plays the

passing lanes." Not surprisingly, rookies get plenty of chance to develop on expansion teams, especially the Miami Heat, which won four games in the first half of the season, then needed only 11

games to win four more times. Of the five Miami players with the most minutes, three of them are rookies, Kevin Edwards, riors coach Don Nelson said. Rony Seikaly and Grant Long.

be slam in the hand. To make mat-

ters worse, South's play was even worse than his bidding. After a spade lead, declarer could

count seven fast tricks. He saw that

two more could be developed if the

club finesse were to work or, if it

failed, if the suit were to divide

evenly. So he won the first trick in

hand and unsuccessfully finessed

the jack of clubs.

East shifted to a low heart. De-

eight tricks.

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Jahangir beat's Jansher to win Spanish

MADRID (R) — World champion Jahangir Khan of Pakistan crushed his compatriot and great rival Jansher Khan 15-10, 15-12, 15-7 to win the Spanish Open squash tournament Sunday. Jahangir was on his best creative and attacking form and left Jansher little chance to play his characteristic game of retrieving everything and wearing his opponent down. A crucial point came at 11-11 in the second game, when the referee awarded a point to Jahangir which apparently demoralised Jansher. Jahangir stormed through the last game in just 19 minutes. "Jahangir is enjoying a very good patch," said Jansher. "My aim is to beat him in the British Open."

Bullets win 10th game at home

NEW YORK (AP) — Bernard King scored 31 points Saturday as the Washington Bullets extended their bome winning streak to 10 games with a 123-114 victory over the Philadelphia 76ers. John Williams scored 22, Mark Alarie 17 and Steve Colter 16 for the Bullets, who are hattling Philadelphia and Boston for the final two playoff berths in the Eastern Conference. Philadelphia trailed 62-57 at halftime, and couldn't get any closer than three points in the second half. Charles Barkley and Hersey Hawkins scored 24 points each for led Philadelphia, although Barkley was only 7-of-20 from the field. Chuck Person scored 11 of his 30 points in the fourth period as the Indiana Pacers hroke a four-game losing streak, beating the Chicago Bulls 114-103. Ons Thorpe scored 25 points and Sleepy Floyd had 17 points and 17 assists to lead the Houston Rockets to a 127-113 victory over the Portland Trail

Americans win 'survival' ski races

CRESTED BUTTE, Colorado (AP) - Kristin Krone and Tommy Moe, two of the United States' most promising young ski racers, captured super Giant Slalom titles Sunday in the weatherplagued U.S. Alpine ski championships. A snowstorm battered Crested Butte throughout the day, limiting visibility and creating a condition called flat light, in which skiers have difficulty disceming undulations in the terrain. Krone, 20, woo the women's race, which had to be restarted after the first three racers flew off a jump and lost control. Gates were re-set in that troublesome area. and Krone flashed across in 1 minute. 39.03 seconds, 44hundredths of a second ahead of Hilary Lindh. It was Krone's first national title. In the men's Super-G earlier in the day, Moe, 19. earned his second medal of the championships, heating Kyle Rasmassen by 69-bundredths of a second.

Liverpool to meet Forest in action replay

LONDON (R) - Liverpool and Nottingham Forest were drawn Monday to meet in an English F.A. Cup semifinal that will be an action replay of their clash at the same stage last year. A year ago two John Aldridge goals gave Liverpool a 2-1 win but they were then beaten by Wimbledon in the final. This time, with Forest unbeaten in 18 games and Liverpool having won five in a row, there are no easy predictions about the rematch. In the other semifinal Everton will take on the winners of Wednesday's quarter-final replay between Norwich and West Ham, who drew 0-0 Saturday. The draw is an extra incentive to West Ham, who beat Everton in the semifinals on their way to winning the cup in

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1989

PAILY HOROSCOPE

clarer again won in hand and went after the clubs. But the suit broke 4-GENERAL TENDENCIES: Be certain that you give as much as you receive and show the proper 2-according to the odds-and another heart from East meant that gratitude for favors. Avoid taking others for granted. Evening hours are temperamental as full moon energy builds. declarer could take no more than Unfortunately for his side, declarer had tried to develop his sec-

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Emo ond-best asset. Had he paid more tions dominate the day. You may be the victim of someone's moodiness. attention to his holding, he might have seen that there was oo way that Domestic adjustments turn out he could be prevented from scoring satisfactoril

three diamond tricks! TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) After winning the opening lead declarer should simply have led a Flirtation may be just the beginning of something wonderful. You must initiate as well as respond to keep the ball rolling.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) If diamood to the king. Even if East holds up, declarer cootinues with a

diamond. East can win and shift to you exaggerate a story too far you may get caught. Don't confuse your creative ability when composing a great story with reality.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Take a chance while Cupid a heart. But declarer wins in hand and forces out the queen of diamonds. He still has a spade entry in hand to cash his diamond winners and make an overtrick. .

sul 21) Take a chance while cupid is on your side. When your heart beats faster, you withdraw from the love arena shutting yourself off.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Someone has information that he is By Harris withholding. Financial news is not

up to expectations, bot is better than a month ago. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Your present situation is draining you

emotionally and financially. Back up a bit and reappraise time and resources. Balance the budget. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Start-

ing over, and over, and over, can be as boring as sticking it out. You learn the lesson if you atay put and study the matter. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

Look into a legal matter that can be brought to a successful conclusion. Speculation, chances or risk-taking should be avoided. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

21) A frugal outlook now will save enough for a vacation. Someone's own jealousy may be the cause of their caotions and warnings. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Your curiosity regarding different financial matters is on target. Check, analyze and get expert opin-

ions. Lock is on your side. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Unexpected good oews arrives. Your roaming eyes could settle on a new romantic friend. Try s new

and interesting format.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Beating on the war drums will not solve the matter to your astisfaction. You could be putting too much effort into trying to force peace.

Graf loses first set of the year

Mecir wins from 2 sets down

INDIAN WELLS (R) — Miloslav Mecir came back from two sets down to beat a hard-serving Yannick Noah 3-6, 2-6, 6-1, 6-2, 6-3 Sunday in the final of the \$702,500 Indian Wells Grand Prix tennis tourna-

The 12th-seeded Noah, who pounded in 22 aces against his seventh-seeded opponent, douhle-faulted at match point to end the contest after nearly three

Mecir collected \$135,000 for his victory, while Noah received half that amount as runner-up. "I thought he already had me

but I just didn't want to give it up," said Mecir. "I was mixing it up a little too much hut then 1 realised it was better if I was attacking more.'

Noah, a four-time finalist here and champion in 1982, began dynamically with his serve-andvolley game in high gear. Riding his sizzling serve, Noah

raced through the opening two sets and easily dominated a sleepy-louking Mecir.

But the Czechoslovak turned the momentum around in the first game of the third set as he hegan to come to the net more often. He saved three break points

against him and went on to break the Frenchman twice with passing shots to clinch the set 6-1.

A brilliant lob gave Mecir a break for 2-1 in the fourth set and he broke Noah again for 4-1 on a passing shot as he evened that best-of-five match at two sets

The Frenchman seemed to regain his drive in the fifth set, hut his surge was halted when Mecir made another service hreak in the fifth game with a blazing backhand crosscourt return. Mecir held easily to reach 5-3 and then broke Noah for the

match when the Frenchman served up the double fault. Mecir's change of tactics, from groundstrokes to serve-and-vol-

ley, did not surprise Noah.

When 1 was up two sets 1 was expecting him to do something different," Noah said. "He started to play totally different tennis. What makes his game special is that he can do a lot of past Sabatini, a third-round loser

Noah said that lack of conditioning let him down.

different things. He can adjust his game."

"When I'm tired I'm not as quick," said Noah, who rested his sore knees and took his two children to Disneyland rather than practice before the tourna-

"I was a little slow and tired and my game requires more energy than his because his technique is better."

Graf beats Evert

BOCA RATON (R) — Steffi Graf won her fourth straight tournament and extended her 1989 unheaten streak to 22 matches with a hard-fought win over Chris Evert in the final of the Florida tennis championship. Sunday.

Graf, after losing her first set of the year, bounced back to beat Evert 4-6, 6-2, 6-3 and claim the

\$60,000 first prize. Evert settled for \$24,000 and missed an opportunity to reclaim her world number three ranking from Argentine Gabriela Sahatini, who moved up two weeks ago. A win would have moved Evert

Graf, whose 1989 title include the Australian Open, was bothered hy Evert's strategy a. the American veteran took pace

off her shots and hit the ball down the middle of the court. Evert won the first set by converting her second break point o. the set in the seventh game when Graf, who double-faulted twice in

that game, netted a forehand of a sizzling backhand from Evert.

The West German broke quickly in the second game of the second set to lead 2-0 as Event began to make more unforced

errors. She broke again in the eighth game when Evert nettee two hackhands after doublefaulting. The two traded service orea.

at love in the opening game. ... the third set and worked the way to the eighth game on serve when Evert let a 40-15 lead six away and Graf won the final electric points of the match. Graf now leads Evert T-w i

career meetings.

"I'm satisfied to win the note: I didn't feel as good as the ... days. I didn't have the feeting ! usually do, but I don': krow why," Graf said.

Grand Prix: '89 heralds post-turbo era

likely to remain unchanged when a new era of Formula One motor racing dawns in Brazil next Sunday — the dominance of world champion Ayrton Senna and his McLaren team-mate Alain Prost.

After winning a record 15 of last year's 16 Grands Prix, the Honda-powered McLaren team set the pace again in winter and pre-season testing.

Their V10 normally-aspirated 3.5 litre engine; produced to conform to new regulations hanning turbos, has already completed more than 3,000 kms in preparation for what promises to he a hectic and exciting world championship

For though McLaren, who have designed a new car for 1989, appear to have retained a decisive advantage with their 'dream team' of Brazilian Senna, Frenchman Prost and the Japanese Honda engines, the banishment of the turbos should ensure closer racing.

The change in regulations means every car will run with an atmospheric engine — the vast majority of them derived from Ford's long-serving Cosworth unit - and concentrate on performance instead of fuel capacity and boost restrictions.

Cars will no longer be able to stay in command of a race through efficient use of fuel and well-timed applications of turboboost. There will be more onus on the drivers.

The return to normally-aspirated racing has led also to Pirelli's return as a Formula One tyresupplier and the revival of a 'ruhber' war with Goodyear, the American company having enjoyed a monopoly for the last two years, and stimulated much driv-

er and team activity. Several leading drivers, includ-ing Briton Nigel Mansell, Thierry Boutsen of Belgium and Italy's

LONDON (R) — One feature is Michele Alboreto have switched allegiance and a record 39 cars have been entered for the 1989 championship by 20 teams.

This unprecedented crowding in the paddock will be partly eased by the reintroduction of a Friday morning pre-qualifying session when 13 cars will fight it out for the right to participate in official qualifying.

Only four will succeed in joining the 26 entrants guaranteed a qualifying place and the unlucky nine will be left with expensive bills to pay after a hasty depar-

Repeated failure to qualify is certain to test the patience of sponsors seeking at least a modicum of exposure during the serious business at each Grand Prix and many may be forced to with-

draw by the halfway mark in the under sports director Co-Season.

The calendar shows only one change. The United States Grand Prix will be run on the streets of Phoenix, Arizona, and oot in Detroit. Phoenix has a five-year contract,

But with so many changes on and off the circuits, consistency, reliability and efficient teamwork will be important factors, particularly early in the season.

McLaren, with a chassis made from a new carbon-fibre material, are expected to set the standards as Prost attempts to regain ascendancy over Senna hy winning his third world title this year. McLaren have exclusive use of Honda's engines after sharing them with Lotus last year.

gearbox. Reports from testing have s. gested the Ferrari's new V12 · gine has been disappointing and Mansell and his Austrian team. mate Gerhard Berger have hin! problems with the gear system controlled by fingerplates behind

Fiorio following the death

year of founder Enzo Forma.

have been working fevering

perfect a car, equipped in

semi-automatic élection

the steering wheel.

There will be one new team the British Ford-powered Ony who won the European Formula. 3000 championship in 1987 — and nine new drivers, including Japan's 1988 Formula 3, 30 cham. pion Aguri Suzuki with Zaks-Ferrari, controlled by Fiat peed.

Ngugi wants 10,000 m record

STAVANGER, Norway (R) — Kenya's John Ngugi plans to use his record fourth world crosscountry title as a springhoard to track success this season. Ngugi is hoping a successful assault on the 10,000 metres

world record this year - possibly at July's Bislett games in Oslo will transform him from the crosscountry cousin of athletics to track and field superstar. The 27-year-old Nairobi sold

remains a less-than-familiar track name despite his Olympic 5,000 metres triumph in Seoul last September. But plans are underway to change all that. His coach, Mike Kosgei, had

said the seemingly invincible Ngugi was ready to quit crosscountry to concentrate on developing his track career. And after Ngugi had picked his

way through the strength-sapping mud of Stavanger gold course Kosgei was adamant.

"After seeing his performance today. I believe John is ready to

hreak the 10,000 metres world punctuated by frequent hops and record this summer," he said. There can be little doubt the the firmer ground underfoot. Hutchings said: "You had to look out for every step on the course. If not, you'd step further Kenyan is ready to dismantle the 10,000 metres mark of 27 minutes

13.81 seconds Portugal's Fernando Mamede set in 1984. For Ngugi showed Sunday he is running fast over long distances France, next year.

through exhausting conditions. For the first two kms of the 12 ons race, Ngugi languished well off the pace — at one stage hy as much as 100 metres - as his

fellow-Kenyan Andrew Masai strung out the field. Slipping and sliding on a course reduced by heavy rain and three previous races to little more than a manicured bog, Ngugi coasted home a remarkable 28 seconds clear of second-placed Briton

Tim Hutchings in 39 minutes 42 seconds. It was the biggest winning margin in the history of the world

championship. Ngugi's usual loping style was bronze.

backwards than forwards." Ngugi is likely to seek a fifth more than just a man capable of triumph in Aix-Les-Bains.

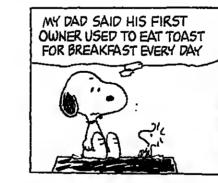
skips as the Kenyan picked out

Annette Sergent of France could also earn herself a place in history next year by becoming only the second woman to win more than two titles.

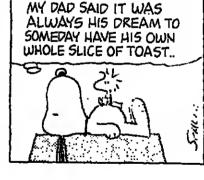
Sergent is sure to take full advantage of home turf to chalk up her third win after recapturing the crown Sunday following her previous triumph in Warsaw in

Sergent, who also finished third in 1986 and 1988, struck hefore halfway to leave Nadezhoa Stepanova of the Soviet Union with the silver and Canadian Lynn Williams with the

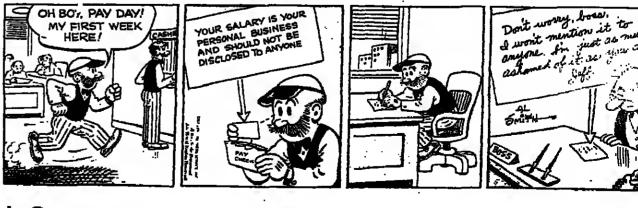
Peanuts



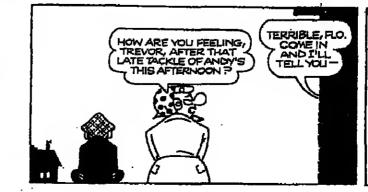




Mutt'n' Jeff



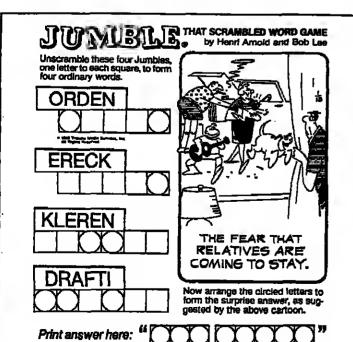
Andy Capp











Yesterday's Jumbles: PARCH EXTOL AWHILE MINGLE

Answer: What tune did the teakettle whistie?—
"HOME ON THE RANGE"



THE Daily Crossword by Donald Groat

الميلذا من المول

'Being fat can be fun'

LONDON (R) — Fat women

with a combined weight of over

11,000 kilogrammes gathered

Saturday for Britain's first conference for the overweight and de-

clared: "Being fat can be fun."

"Fat women are the butt of all the

jokes. We are a group of fat

women aiming to challenge fat

oppression." said Ruth Teddern

Group. The 150 women attending

the closed day-long conference

were urged to throw away their

diet sheets, lock up their scales and enjoy themselves. I have

been fat and dieting since I was 11

and, after 20 years, I have decided to enjoy myself." said Ted-

dern, who weighs in at 90 kilog-

ROME (ANSA) — In 1575 Pope Gregory XIII decreed a jubilee

that was to bring a great number

of pilgrims to Rome. The women from Nettuno went to Rome like the good Christians they had be-

come. But their arrival created an

unexpected scandal. Their blouses were open on the chest,

their bosoms, barely covered by a

layer of very thin laces that from

the neck came down to the nip-

ples. That was not enough and on

those blouses the Nettuno women

wore a red skirt that came down

to their knees. Exposing their

legs encased in beautifully made

boots. On the waist, they wore a

gold and silver belt, with gold and

silver bells hanging from it, so

that a constant music accompa-

nied every step. On their hair the

women wore turbans of different colours, each colour baving a

precise meaning - red meant

that the woman was married,

she was a widow. The Pope was

shocked, by this apparel, those

costumes were 'dangerous to

modesty" he said and ordered the

women from Nettuno to lengthen

their skirts and cover their

JOHANNESBURG (R) -

Seven armed robbers escaped

with diamonds worth 10 million

rand (\$4 million) after a daring

daylight raid on a Johannesburg

gem cutting centre Sunday, police

said. The robbers burst into the

cutting centre near downtown

Johannesburg in the afternoon,

ordered 14 diamond cutters to lie

on the floor and forced the mana-

ger at gunpoint to open the

vaults. Police said the robbers

emptied the vaults and locked the

washer's career

\$4 million heist

green that she wasn't, purple that

That scandalous

Italian skirt

the London Women's Fat

ARENA claims outright victory in Salvador poll

SAN SALVADOR (R) — A right-wing millionaire claimed outright victory Monday in El Salvador's presidential elections, overshadowed by fierce clashes between rebels and security forces and the deaths of three journalists.

the guerrillas, said his counts

showed he won between six and

13 per cent of the vote, according

ARENA, which has been link-

ed to death squads, has promised

tough measures to end a nine-

year war in which 70,000 people

have died. The popularity of out-

going President Jose Napoleon

Duarte, who has cancer, has fai-

len due to his party's inability to

end the war or stamp out corrup-

Cristiani said he would be will-

ing to negotiate with guerrillas

and would seek to raise living standards for El Salvador's 5.5

million population. The economy

is currently propped up by more than a million dollars a day in

The opposition portrays Cris-

tiani, 41, as a puppet manipulated by extreme right-wingers in

Three journalists and a televi-

sion soundman were killed during

the elections. Defence Minister

Carlos Eugenio Vides Casanova said he was ordering an investiga-

Dutch Television cameraman

Cornel Lagrouw was sbot dead in

Reporters working with him said he was shot by the army

The journalists said an army

helicopter followed and fired at

their clearly-marked press car

when they tried to take Lagroun

confidence through a national re-

ferendum, even though this

would entail some commotion,

conclusion that such concern and

anxiety must not be inflicted on

the people, regardless of the out-

that, under no circumstance,

should I do anything that would

bring about divisiveness and con-

the cahinet, Government Admi-nistration Minister Kim Yong-Kap, resigned in an apparent bid

He said the president should use the referendum opportunity

to crack down on radical students

and dissidents and what he called

His voice was countered by the

country's most influential opposi-tion leader Kim Dae-Jung, the

veteran democracy campaigner who now heads the Party for

Peace and Democracy (PPD).

to put pressure on Roh.

"the menace of leftism."

Irantxu Mugeta, 20, a Basque university student appeared at a news conference in Bilbao, Spain, after she was attacked Monday by two

men and a woman whn beat her and carved the letters GAL into her

face. GAL stands for Anti-terrorist Liberation Group, an organisation

which claimed to have killed 23 Basques living in France tn avenge

attacks by the Basque separatist group ETA

Last week a leading hawk in

"It is my belief as president

However, I have come to the

Roh said on television.

during clashes with guerrillas.

eastern El Salvador Sunday.

to districts.

ARENA.

"The tendency of the vote able, Guillermo Ungo, presidenshows that we will win with more than 50 per cent." Alfredo Cristiani, presidential candidate of the Nationalist Republican Alliance (ARENA) told reporters Sunday night as his supporters danced, chanted and clapped.

The military said 29 guerrillas. six soldiers and three civilians died in Sunday's election day fighting around the country, and 12 people were wounded. The

capital was quiet early Monday. Leftist guerrillas of the Farahundo Marti Nanonal Liberation Front, who called for a boycott of the polls but said they would not artack voters, said they killed or wounded 150 government sol-

Much of the country was with-out electricity due to bomb blasts and guerrilla sabotage. Turnout Sunday was reduced by a transport strike imposed by the guerrillas, who said the voting was a pretext for allowing the war to continuc.

Cristiani said unofficial ARE-NA counts of 75 per cent of the votes cast showed be had 54 per cent. A candidate needs an absolute majority to avoid a run-off among Sunday's top two finishers.

"It makes me happy that the people should trust our party to let it govern for the next five years," Cristiani told a news con-

Scattered official results showed Cristiani, ahead of his main rival, Fidel Chavez Mena of the ruling Christian Democratic

PDC estimates were not avail-



WARINESS AND OBSTINACY - FMLN guerrillas (top) and a



Roh shelves referendum

SEOUL (R) - South Korean President Roh Tae-Woo, resisting government hawks, Monday called off a teferendum which many feared would provoke a constitutional crisis.

Roh said on national television he was indefinitely postponing the "interim assessment" he promised during the 1987 election

He said he feared radicals would try to exploit a vote to fan unrest. Right-wing members of the ruling camp had previously raised the so-called leftist threat to try to push the president into risking a national confidence

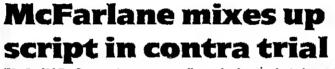
Perhaps surprisingly in view of this country's turbulent politics, the three opposition parties all issued statements approving the president's move.

Analysts said all three, while fearing a loss of their present majority position in the national assembly, were also genuinely concerned at the possibility of political tensions which could put at risk recent democratic reforms after years of army-backed strongman rule.

The extra-parliamentary opposition, however, remained combative. The main dissident coalition said Roh's decision "insulted our people" while radical students battled riot police in demonstrations in Seoul and the southeastern city of Kwangju.

Though the mainstream parties had already begun gearing up for the plebiscite, expected on or about April 12, the president

Monday called a halt. "Not a few have maintained that the authority of the president and the administration would be strengthened by winning a vote of



lawyers and even he courtroom artists at Oliver North's Irancontra trial have had a hard time memo indicates that I did. I figuring out star witness Robert simply don't remember. But

AcFariane.

In five days on the stand as a lieve, Asked past week, McFarlane, North's former boss on the National Security Council (NSC), contradicted himself so often that prosecutors decided be was helping the defence case more than theirs and tried to make him out to be a

The defence, which might be expected to fear revelations from North's former superior, got a boost when McFarlane volunteered that he and not North was to blame for some key aspects of the Iran-contra scandal,

North, a key NSC aide when Ronald Reagan was president, is accused of 12 criminal charges related to secret sales of U.S. arms to Iran and the diversion of profits to Nicaragua's contra re-bels.

A keystone of his defence is that he was carrying out the orders of superiors, including Reagan. The prosecution had expected McFarlane to undercut that argument.

Frustrated judge

Judge Gerhard Gesell became so frustrated by McFarlane's meandering answers that he often broke in to question the witness himself.

Part of the problem is the way McFarlane talks.

Asked by the judge if he had sent a particular White House

WASHINGTON (R) — The lieve that's what's being asked. judge, the prosecutors, defence And that's my question. Did I And that's my question. Did I send it? I don't remember. I accept that I may bave. The clearly I got the memo, I be-

> guilty plea to four counts of lying to Congress, McFarlane said: "I felt quite passionately about the fact that I had not wilfully lied to people. It is quite clear that I withheld information."

McFarlane is alone among the Iran-contra defendants in expressing at least some contrition for his role in the scandal. He was recently sentenced at his own trial to two years probation, \$20,000 in fines and 200 hours of community service as part of a deal that set him up to belp North's prosecutors.

He artempted suicide in February 1987 and said later that be felt he had let then-president Reagan

Gesell, 78, has wryly asked that the trial be completed in his lifetime, and he sometimes seemed to regard McFarlane's droning testimony as a threat to that goal.
"He has given equivocal and

confusing testimony which makes full disclosure desirable, so that his credibility may be fully tested under cross-examination," the judge said, in ruling that some formerly classified identities could be divulged in questioning McFarlane.

"His testimony, among other things, has presented a clear issue as to whether he or whether his subordinate North was officially and knowingly responsible for specific activities attributed to North in the indictment."

memorandum under discussion, the witness replied: "I don't be-

BILBAO (R) — Tens of thousands of Spanish Basques marched through Bilbao in a silent peace plea to separatist guerrillas who have killed more than 600 people in a fight for inde-

Police said more than 200,000 people took part in the march Saturday to persuade the separatist group ETA (Basque Homeland and Freedom) to extend indefinitely a two-month truce in its

"Asking for peace in the Basque country is telling ETA not to turn deaf ears any more to the clamour of society ... to heed the verdict of the overwhelming majority," Jose Antonio Ardanza, president of the Basque regional government, told the

Ardanza, speaking as white

rival rally on Easter day when the truce expires, did not respond immediately to the Bilbao march, which was described by residents as the largest seen in this northwestern region of 2.2 million

Politicians said the march may have coincided with a final round of secret talks in Algiers between ETA and Spanish government envoys before the guerrillas take

Xabier Arzallus, head of the ruling Basque Nationalist Party, told reporters the problem was how to allow the guerrillas a

the truce depends on the Madrid government agreeing to discuss political demands.

Greece opposition stages mass anti-Papandreou rally

ATHENS (AP) — More than 200,000 opposition New Democracy Party followers Sunday staged a rally in central Athens to protest the government's alleged involvement in a financial

Addressing the rally, party leader Constantine Mitsotakis called for the Socialist government to resign for humiliating Greece's international image and undermining democratic institu-

"I accuse the premier of de-

ceiving the Greek people with illusory visions and abusing their trust in him... by instituting a corrupt state," Mitsotakis said. Premier Andreas Papandreou's Panhellenic Socialist Movement (PASOK) has come under heavy criticism for its handling of the Bank of Crete scandal in which the government has been accused of taking multi-million dollar

Last Wednesday the left-wing parties also staged rallies in 32 cities and towns nationwide to protest the scandals and demand immediate elections.

In a festival-like atmosphere the crowd at Constitution Square in central. Athens often interrupted their leader, shouting anti- Papandreou's right-hand man. government.

government slogans such as Agamemnon Koutsogiorgas, "Down with the PASOK thieves" have resigned or been fired. and "People demand the truth." Mitsotakis charged the premier debt and leading it "to a tragic

dead-end. He claimed victory was certain for his party in the June 19 elections because "this government of scandals, decay and corruption is an unburied corpse in the people's conscience.'

Mitsotakis also attacked the draft electoral law, announced by the government last week, saying it would hinder his party from forming a self-sufficient govern-The new law, which provides

for a sort of simple proportional small parties gain more seats in parliament as opposed to the tradition. current law which favours larger parties. The Conservative leader

charged that Papandreou has been terrorising the judicial sys-tem and the press in order to conceal the scandal instead of being sensitive enough to resign. In the five months since the Bank of Crete scandal surfaced,

eight cabinet members, including

have resigned or been fired

A government reshuffle Friday, the 16th since the Socialists was sinking the country in public. gained power in 1981, was apparently aimed at restoring public confidence in the scandal-

plagued government.

Mitsotakis called the reshuffle "a belated carnival" attempted by Papandreou to divert attention from the scandal.

Allegations of government complicity in the affair gained force two weeks ago following the publication of an interview with the former Bank of Crete chairman, George Koskotas, in the U.S. magazine Time. Koskotas, who fled the country

in November, is now being held representation system, will help in a U.S. jail awaiting a hearing small parties gain more seats in on a Greek request for his ex-

In the article Koskotas was qnoted as saying that Papandreou and senior Socialist cadres had been behind the .\$300-million

Papandreon, who said he would sue Time for defamation. has repeatedly denounced the scandal as an elaborate Central Intelligence Agency (CIA)-back-ed plot to overthrow him and his

Japan's ruling party fights to regain popular support

TOKYO (AP) - The ruling Chiba was a sign that local resi-Liberal Democratic Party pledged to reform Japanese politics and recapture popular sup-port Monday, one day after two key regional elections indicated voter displeasure with the party that bas led Japan for most of the postwar period.

Meanwhile, opposition party leaders charged the government of Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita bas lost its mandate to rule and stepped up demands for an early general election.

On Sunday, Liberal Democra-tic incumbent Takeshi Numata

narrowly defeated a communist candidate in a gubernatorial election in Chiba, Tokyo's eastern neighbour, while a socialist won a sweeping victory in the race for governor of Miyadi perfecture,

300 kilometres to the northeast. "From now on our party will promote political reform and strive to revive the confidence of the people in government," Sbin-taro Abe, the Liberal Democrats' secretary general, said in a statement after the elections.

He said the narrow victory in

dents were prepared to support a ruling party-backed candidate despite growing public distrust in the government because of a stock scandal. In the final tally of the Chiba

prefectural election, incumbent Governor Takeshi Numata, 66, garnered 971,687 votes, while Sboji Ishii, backed by the Japan Communist Party, came in a close second with 786,238 votes. In 1985, the prefecture, traditionally a conservative strongbold, elected Numata with 781,000 votes against 271,000 for his

opponent, also a communist.
The Liberal Democrats, despite their name, are conserva-

In the Miyagi race, socialist Sbuntaro Honma, 19, got 502,372 votes, compared with 140,979 for Seiki Suzuki, a conservative inde-pendent, and 125,016 for Yoshiaki Shoji, backed by the communist Party,

Honma was favoured to win the governorship after the with-Kazuo Aichi, who admitted he

received more than seven million yen (\$60,000) from Recruit Company, the information conglomerate at the centre of the growing scandal.

Recruit officials reportedly offered bundreds of thousands of bargain-priced, unlisted shares of a real-estate subsidiary to more than 150 influential people, in-cluding top politicians and businessmen. After the sbares were offered for public trading in October 1986, the recipients were able to reap hefty profits. Three cabinet ministers bave

resigned because of links to the scandal. Takeshita bas acknowledged that an aide also purchased shares, but has denied any direct involvement of his own.

Following Sunday's elections, the Japan Socialist Party, the largest opposition group, called for the dissolution of parliament and an early election to test pub-lic support for Takeshita's government. Takeshita's popularity has plunged to an all-time low because of the scandal and an drawal of Liberal Democrat unpopular three per cent sales tax due to take effect April 1.

Swedish bugging scandal pits government against secret police

STOCKHOLM (R) — Swedish secret policemen believed senior figures in the ruling Social Democratic Party were in contact with terrorists, according to new revelations in the country's bugging

Furthermore, a series of often contradictory statements over the weekend has painted a picture of a secret police force in considerable disarray, with allegations that officers took initiatives without authority.

The government last Friday said it bad uncovered a plot by officers of the SAPO security police to eavesdrop on Deputy Foreign Minister Pierre Schori as part of the hunt for the murderer

of Prime Minister Olof Palme. The officers were interested in Schori because of his contacts with a French professor of Kurdish studies, whom they believed

may have been connected with the 1986 assassination of Palme, according to Swedish press reman while walking bome from a cinema. Police at the time were convinced that be was the victim of a political plot and focused their inquiries on a left-wing Kurdisb organisation.

But the Kurdish theory later disintegrated and police are currently holding a 41-year-old Swede as the suspected murderer. The decision to bug Schori

appeared to have been taken without either the head of the secret police or the politicians responsible for overseeing its actions being consulted.

There was no conceivable interest from the security police as an organisation to plan surveillance of Pierre Schori," said SAPO chief Sune Sandstrom, who called the deputy minister to apologise for the action of his

Schori was only partially mollified by the apology. "The security police have to be

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Palme was shot by a lone gun- able to do their job, but the fact that an irregular group within the service gathers information about citizens is scandalous," be said. A series of revelations on bugging has shaken Sweden in the past two weeks. Numerous senior

politicians, including Foreign

Minister Sten Andersson, bave said they suspected they were the subject of illegal eavesdropping. Sandstrom said the decision to open a file on Schori was taken by an individual officer who did not

clear it with him or log it in the SAPO diary. The officer who opened the file

said Sandstrom was lying. Walter Kego, who has since been moved to the regular police force, said he had informed both Sandstrom and the then justice minister in January 1988 of the suspicions against Schori. Schori was one of Palme's

closest aides and is considered a key figure in Swedish foreign relating to the Third

diamond curters inside a workshop before escaping in a car. Windy day ends

HOUSTON (AP) — A windy first day on the job may have brought a quick end to the career of a high-rise window washer. who froze with fear and clung to a pillar on the sixth floor before being rescued. Ray Trevino had lowered himself from the roof of the 22-story Marriort hotel at Texas Medical centre Monday. but lost his confidence when gusts blew him around in his chair. "It just got too windy," Trevino said. "It's really scary being way up there when it's windy, and you're there when it's windy, and you rejust hanging onto a rope." Trevino held onto the edge of the building for about 45 minutes before he was rescued by firefighter. Randy Fisher, who reached him by using a 30.5-metre ladder. The said 'Ray I'm as scared as you "I said, 'Ray, I'm as scared as you are now, so let's just take this thing slow, one step at a time. Fisher said. "He didn't say a whole lot of anything." Trevino said he did not know if he would be

The weather at major world

capitals & cities

said he did not know it he would resume his window-washing

MIN. MAX.

Spanish Basques march for peace

pendence.

21-year campaign.

doves were released, said ETA sbould lay down arms definitive-

ly. "We don't want winners or losers, we want only peace." Supporters of ETA, who plan a

a decision on the ceasefire.

dignified way out. ETA has said an extension of

Ministers meet on Namibia HARARE (R) - Foreign ministers from the six

KARACHI (R) - Ethnic leaders in Karachi

Karachi leaders call for calm

appealed Monday for an end to communal riots in Pakistan's biggest city which have killed at least 29 people in 10 days. In separate appeals, leaders of Pashtuns from the north-west, Punjabis from central Pakistan and Mobajir immigrants urged their communities to shun violence and restore calm. "Every Pakistani wants peace." Ghulam Mustafa Khar, a former Punjab governor, told reporters when he arrived in Karachi for talks with ethnic leaders. Pashtun leader Ghulam Sarwar Awan and Altaf Hussain, represening the Mobajir migrants who came to Pakistan from other parts of former British India after partition in 1847, also spoke out for an end to the bloodsbed.

S. Africans take refuge

JOHANNESBURG (R) - Four South African detainees have taken refuge in the West German embassy in Pretoria, anti-apartheid activist sources said Monday. A spokesman at the embassy refused all comment. The sources said the four, all held without trial under Sonth Africa's state of emergency regulations, had escaped from a bospital in Pretoria and gone to the embassy. The sources said the four had taken part in a recent mass hunger strike by political detainees demanding to be charged or released. No details were immediately available.

frontline states of southern Africa met bere Monday to decide if they should send representatives to Namibia to monitor U.N.-supervised elections. "One issue we will have to look at is whether we should have a presence in Namibia during the election," Zambian Foreign Minister Luke Mwananshiku said. Last year South Africa, Angola and Cuba signed regional peace accords which included independence for Namibia and the withdrawal of 50,000 Cuban troops from Angola. The South African government is due to band over the territory to the United Nations

17 Sri Lankans killed

COLOMBO (AP) — Gunmen shot and then backed to death at least 17 Sinhalese men in north-central Sri Lanka, residents said Monday. The residents, insisting on anonymity, said most of the victims were killed Sunday by the unidentified assailants at Tirappane village. Elsewhere, Indian troops shot and killed 12 Tamil rebels in two separate clashes. Sinhalese rebels were blamed for seven other deaths, military officials said. The motive behind the Tirappane killings was not immediately known, but residents said the murders may have links with the death of three policemen killed by Sinhalese radicals in a nearby village earlier Sunday.

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